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The Bombay Chronicle

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Kayyur Condemned Executed

India Office Disclaims Responsibility For Announcement

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, April 13.

According to to-day's "Daily Worker", a spokesman of the India Office disclaimed all responsibility for not announcing the execution of four Indians convicted in the Kayyur case.

He said that it was a matter for the Indian Government to make the necessary announcement and it was not for the India Office's Press Department to make the matter known to the British public. He regretted that he had no knowledge whether in fact such announcement had even been made in India by the Indian Government.

Churchill And Knox On U-Boat Warfare

WESTMINSTER, April 13.

Mr. Churchill was asked in the Commons whether he had considered the statement by the United States Secretary for Navy, Col. Knox declaring that shipping losses during March were greater than those in February.

Mr. Churchill replied that Col. Knox's statement "refers to a limited period following one in which sinkings were comparatively small. Reviewing the battle against the U-boat as a whole I can repeat my previous assurance that 'we are more than holding our own.'".

KNOX AGREES WITH CHURCHILL

WASHINGTON: Col. Knox agreed with Mr. Churchill that the Allies are holding their own against the submarine warfare on the basis of a six months average but reiterated that the sinkings last month were worse than the average.

BR. SHIP SUNK LAST YEAR

LONDON: The Admiralty announces the loss of the British submarine depot ship "Medway" which was sunk in the Mediterranean last year. The Admiralty says that the loss was not announced at the time because it was clear the Axis did not know she was sunk and it was necessary to deny them this information while new dispositions were made.

Capt. Philip Ruck-Keene was saved.

AIR RAID CASUALTIES

During March civilian casualties due to air raids in the United Kingdom are officially announced as killed (or missing believed killed) 293, injured and detained in hospital 439.

Germany's Debt Mounts Up

LONDON: Germany's total debt has now reached the peak of 9,300 million sterling (equivalent of 185,500 millon marks at the pre-war normal rate). This is deduced from a statement by the Reich Statistical Office that borrowings in November and December totalled 500 million sterling, bringing the borrowings for the year to a total of over 2,850 million sterling. The Reich's debt stood at 590 million sterling, when Hitler assumed power. In the first war year the debt soared by 900 million sterling in 1940 by 1,700 million, in 1941 by 2,500 million.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

A.I.C.C. ASST. SECRETARY ARRESTED

NEW DELHI, April 13.

Police raided this evening a house in Baber Lane in New Delhi and arrested Mr. Sadiq Ali, Assistant Secretary of the A.I.C.C., under D.I.R.—A.P.

Jap Bid For Big Offensive In Pacific

Australian Army Chief Gives Figures Of Large Enemy Concentrations

MASSED RAID ON MORESBY

LONDON, April 13.

Allied Headquarters in South-west Pacific:—General Blamey, Commander-in-Chief of the Australian land forces in Australia, told newspaper correspondents to-day that Japan has concentrated 200,000 first line troops and a great air force north of Australia and may be expected to undertake an offensive at any time.

OPENING PHASE

The General said that heavy air assaults within recent days marked the opening phase of the Japanese struggle to regain parity and then mastery in the air.

Japanese forces are concentrated along the island of Aro. "The result of this struggle in the next few weeks will have great importance for us", he added.

KNOX'S VIEW

WASHINGTON.—The Secretary for the Navy Col. Knox commenting on Gen. Blamey's statement that Japan has 200,000 first line troops and a strong air force north of Australia said that a Japanese attack on Australia would require a tremendous sea force. He added: "There is no indication that the Japanese have such a sea organization north of Australia."—Reuter.

DEVONSHIRE RAISES CYPRIOT STORMS

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, April 13.

There have been several protests against the Duke of Devonshire's recent statement in the Lords over post-war aim for Cyprus These protests have reached London from Greek and other Cypriot Clubs and Associations. The Secretary of the Hellenic Young Men's Union Trust has cabled to the "Manchester Guardian" that the House of Lords debate has deeply wounded Greek population's sense of honour. Our sole wish is union with Greece.

The Chairman of the Secondary Schools' Association at Nicosia has cabled that Greek graduates of the Association protest against the statements in the Lords which are contrary to the feelings of the Cyprus people who live with but one aspiration, namely union with Mother Greece.

The President and Secretary of Young Men's Union M. Ayios Dometios, has cabled: "We strongly protest against the House of Lords debate referring to Cypriot origin and wishes as being unnatural, unhistorical and not according to British Liberal traditions. Our ardent wish is union with Greece.

AKYAB BOMBED

No Change In Situation In Arakan

NEW DELHI, April 13.

In the Arakan, no change in position has taken place during the past two days and our land operations have consisted chiefly of patrol activity, says India Command Joint War "communique."

In the air yesterday, formations of R. A. F. "Blenheims" bombed Yegyanbyin and Avingdaing on Akyab island, and Japanese troops near Ehkaung, a few miles south of Taungmaw.

Elsewhere in Burma, attacks were made on Paletwa and on Naba junction. At the latter target, bursts were observed across the railway tracks and bombs also hit an engine shed and the water-tower. Fighter patrols machine-gunned railway rolling-stock and river-craft. Last night bombs were dropped on Akyab.

From these operations all our aircraft returned safely.-

Formations of P-40 fighter planes of the Tenth U. S. Air Force yesterday attacked the village of Walabum in north-western Burma with light demolition and fragmentation bombs, says a "communique" issued by Rear Echelon Headquarters United States Army Forces, China, Burma, India.

This village had been reported as being used for an ammunition and supply dump for enemy troops. Direct hits were observed on buildings and the settlement was completely destroyed. All our fighters returned safely.—A. P.

JAP RAID ON PORT MORESBY

To-day's Allied 'communique' states that in a raid by about 100 Japanese planes on aerodrome areas at Port Moresby, 37 were either destroyed or so badly crippled that they could never reach their base in the course of air combats and by anti-aircraft fire.

The Allied losses were relatively light. The 'communique' adds that in all parts of the north-eastern sector during the day's action, the Japanese lost no fewer than 52 aircraft making a total of 76 Japanese planes shot out of action in two days.

"It is believed that the enemy's air offensive has been blunted and his immediate plans dislocated", says the 'communique.' It also reports destruction by bombing of a Japanese submarine in Saint George's Channel and extensive attacks by Allied planes on various Japanese targets."

Dr. Evatt In Washington To Demand More Planes

WASHINGTON, April 13.

The Australian Minister for External Affairs, Dr. Herbert Evatt, said at a press conference here on Monday, "The full effect of increasing flow of supplies has not been felt in south-west Pacific as it should have been felt there and has been felt everywhere.

We want to see the result of the greatly expanded production especially aeroplanes in the skies of New Guinea and North Australia."

More planes, naval power and manpower were needed. "The Australian Government is convinced that with greater support all successes against the Japanese could have been exploited to the discomfiture of Japan."

He added that one of the purposes of his visit to the United States was to discuss allocation of supplies, assessment of which were often inadequate.

"Allocations should be sufficient to give effect to agreed strategy but are at present inadequate to achieve that result."

EVATT TO ATTEND WAR CABINET MEETINGS

The Prime Minister, Mr. Churchill, announced in the Commons to-day that at the request of the Prime Minister of Australia the Australian Minister for External Affairs, Doctor Evatt, will attend meetings of the War Cabinet during his stay in Britain.—Reuter.

Keep Paper Out Of Black Market

CALCUTTA, April 13.

Mr. R. W. Mellor, Chairman of the Indian Paper Makers Associations, presiding at the annual general meeting of the Association held to-day said he believed that there was still a quantity of paper in the black market and hoped that the new Paper Control and Distribution Association would help to prevent the flow of paper to the black market. This could only be done efficiently if the different Provincial Governments dealt with black market problems with courage and determination and did not interfere with the business and stocks of the recognised dealers of the mills." Mr. Millor was re-elected chairman of the Association for 1943.—A. P.

12 Nazi Depots Blown Up

Soviet Guerillas Smash Up German Positions In Orel Region

LONDON, April 13.

Reuter's special correspondent in Moscow writes: Artillery duels and local engagements took place last night on the central Lake Ilmen and Kuban fronts. In the north, the Russians have beaten of a German attack on Volkhov Front aimed at cutting Leningrad's lifeline with the east.

On the upper Donetz Field-Marshal Manstein continues to throw away men and material in fruitless assaults against the Soviet bridgehead south of Balakleya 50 miles south-east of Kharkov.

In the latest attack 160 German officers and men were killed.

In the Kuban, 25 German planes were shot down when the Luftwaffe tried to raid Krasnodar. The single plane which penetrated the town caused some damage and casualties.

ARTILLERY DUELS

A supplement to to-day's Soviet 'communique' states:—On the Central Front, Soviet troops consolidated their positions and carried out fighting reconnaissance.

On the Volkhov-Leningrad front, airmen of one Soviet formation in 20 days silenced and partly destroyed about 70 German field guns and 12 anti-aircraft guns and blew up 12 German depots. South of Lake Ilmen, Soviet artillery demolished three blockhouses.

In Kuban, Soviet troops were engaged in reconnaissance and artillery duels. During the last few days, the German airforce has intensified its activity. A guerilla detachment operating in one of the districts of the Orel region, smashed up two German positions. A group of dynamiters of this detachment blew up three road bridges.—Reuter.

Revealing Map Of Russia

LONDON, (By Cable)

"The Times" Moscow correspondent describes in detail the first map of the continuous front from Leningrad to the Black Sea to be published in Russia. The Russians give the information that the Red Army is lying just outside Staraya Russa and Kholm, that the gap punched in the Leningrad blockade is 12 miles wide and thus the Russians hold the stretch of the sea coast west of Leningrad.

The map also shows that west of Velikie Luki the Russians have advanced to Novosokolniki and have effectively put out of use the trunk line which runs from Nevel northwards to Leningrad, and that for many months the Red Army has been at the walls of Velizh, less than 15 miles from the frontiers of White Russia.

It is revealed in addition that Mtsensk, north-east of Orel, is held by the Germans; that Sevsk and Sumy, which were captured earlier this year, have been lost again; that the largest of the Donets loops where the Russians still have a bridgehead across the river lies south-east of Balakleya in the direction of Izyum; that Voroshilovgrad is firmly in Russian hands.

It is further shown that before the winter offensive began in November, the Red Army held four important bridgeheads on the Don —one north-west of Liski in the Voronezh sector and another north of Boguchar; the third bridgehead was the 50-mile stretch west of Serafimovitch, and the fourth was to the north-east of Kletskaya. In the south the Germans were within 80 miles of Astrakhan and had advanced 30 miles to the east of Mozdok.

The map graphically shows the vast area—a region slightly larger than the territory of Germany after the reoccupation of the Saar—which has been liberated by Russian arms. According to the map, the front lies roughly 1,500 miles long stretching from Leningrad to Taganrog.

NOTICE TO READERS

Under the new Government Newsprint Rationing Order, the number of copies of the "Bombay Chronicle" and allied newspapers, which is allowed to be printed, has been drastically reduced. Casual sales of copies of these papers are, therefore, restricted and it is likely that many readers may not be able to buy the papers. To avoid disappointment, readers are requested to register their names as regular subscribers.

NOTICE TO THE HAWKERS

The Management of the "Bombay Chronicle", the "Bombay Samachar" and the "Bombay Sentinel" had given an assurance to the hawkers from the very beginning that they would be prepared to reconsider the matter of commission payable to the hawkers for the cash sale of the copies if the hawkers suffered a loss in view of a drop in the circulation due to the increase in the retail price of the different publications.

The Management have now been served with an order from the Government of India restricting the quantity of newsprint to be used for the "Bombay Chronicle" Daily, the "Bombay Chronicle" Weekly, the "Bombay Samachar" Daily, the "Bombay Samachar" Weekly and the "Bombay Sentinel" to only 45 per cent of their average monthly consumption in July-December, 1942. In view of this new drastic order the Management have deemed it proper to raise the rate of commission which will be as under:—

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Subject to usual terms and conditions.

Axis Squeezed Into Tunisian Bridgehead

CONQUEST IN AFRICA WON'T END SHIPPING TROUBLES IN MEDITERRANEAN SAYS KNOX

LONDON, April 13.

Reuter's special correspondent with the Allied Headquarters in North Africa reports: The Axis forces in North Africa are still being squeezed tighter into their Tunisian bridgehead as the Eighth Army pushes northward from Sousse and further progress is made on the First Army's front. Axis movement has now become slower and generally the state of their defence area is reaching stabilisation.

AXIS FACE DIFFICULT SITUATION

At the moment the Axis armies are drawn up within a perimeter of about 150 miles which runs in a regular pattern from Cap Serrat in the north 35 miles west of Bizerta to the coast north of Sousse about 60 miles south of Tunis. One-third of the way down from the north, the British have established a salient in the area of Medjez-el-Bab. Here the Germans are threatened as in this sector the Allies stand on the edge of the Tunis plain across which the town and the port are only 30 miles distant.

CONTACT WITH ROMMEL'S REARGUARD

In daylight yesterday activity along the whole front was characterised by many movements most of them on a small scale. On the Eighth Army sector patrols press on maintaining contact with Rommel's rearguard. To the left French forces have now joined in the northward drive and have crossed the pass through the eastern side of grand Dorsale from Ousseltia towards Kairouan. The French are continuing with their task of mopping up the mountain area and have reached a point within 30 miles of Pont Du Fahs. Between the Eighth Army and the French, British units of the First Army are 15 miles north-west of the town

Algiers Radio said to-day it was certain that some Axis forces operating south of Maknassy will not be able to escape the Allies. "The Eighth Army is already more than 7 miles north of Sousse," the radio added.

IN HOT PURSUIT OF THE ENEMY

Algiers Radio further stated: "Part of Rommel's forces and supplies have already reached the north-east corner of Tunisia but it is not yet known whether he is contemplating a last defence or a quick get out. In spite of the speed with which the retreating Afrika Korps is fleeing, the vanguard of the Eighth Army has not lost touch with the enemy.

Allied forces which occupied Kairouan are now more than 12 miles north of the city and are on the heels of the enemy."

AXIS ABANDON MAIN FIGHTER BASE

Allied Headquarters North Africa: When La Fauconnerie Aerodrome was occupied by the Eighth Army, not less than 30 aircraft were found abandoned by the retreating Axis forces. The aerodrome, comprising of three landing grounds on the road west of Sfax was one of the Luftwaffe's main fighter bases for the battle of Tunisia.

INDIANS BAG GERMAN UNIT

It is learned here that an Indian battalion fighting in the forefront of the Eighth Army's northward advance through Tunisia has captured an entire German unit of 400 men.

(Allied Headquarters in North Africa):—Lt. Gen. Patton in a congratulatory order of the day written on the field of battle praised American troops comprising the Second Corps for their hard won victory.

NOT YET, SAYS KNOX

WASHINGTON:—Asked whether defeat of Rommel in Tunisia would greatly improve the shipping situation Col. Knox said: "We still will have to clear up the Mediterranean before the shipping situation is greatly improved. Tunis can be of tremendous advantage. I am very pleased with the way the campaign is going in Tunisia."—Reuter.

NAZIMUDDIN ON HIS MINISTRY'S PROGRAMME

Nationalists Demand Inclusion Of Non-League Muslims In Cabinet

CALCUTTA, April 13.

Sir Nazimuddin, leader of the Muslim League Parliamentary Party, who has been commissioned by H.E. the Governor of Bengal, to assist him in the formation of a Ministry, has issued the following statement:—

Relying on Allah, I have accepted the invitation of His Excellency to assist him in the formation of a Ministry, I am fully conscious of the grave difficulties of the present situation and the problems that face the country. It will be my aim to establish true harmony and good feeling in the Province and it is my earnest hope that in this task I shall have the wholehearted support of all sections of the people and their true representatives. On behalf of the Muslims of Bengal and as the leaders of their Parliamentary organisation, I am extending my hands of fellowship and co-operation to the entire Hindu community and invite them to join with me and help me in the formation of a representative and strong ministry.

"The country is faced with a grave crises owing to the steady deterioration in the food situation. I consider that the first and foremost duty of the Ministry should be to concentrate all their efforts in solving this complex and vital problem.

"Bengal is faced with the grim realities of the war. The policy of the Ministry will be to take every possible measure to advance the war efforts and give relief to the public affected by enemy actions and other consequences of the war.

HIS PLANK

It will be our aim to follow a sympathetic policy in the following matters having due regard to the present wartime conditions and the security of the Province, and to make a national approach in dealing with these problems:—

(A) Liberty of the Press; (B) Liberty to hold meetings; (C) Arrests, detentions and trials for political offences; (D) Regular and periodical reviews of the cases of political prisoners by some Independent Tribunal with a view to securing their release, or providing amenities to them; (E) Amenities to detenus regarding food, clothing, medical attendance, interviews, study, letters and miscellaneous supplies; (F) Family allowance to security prisoners on a general scale; (G) Application of the Defence of India Rules and Ordinances; (H) Collective Fines.

"It is our intention to adopt suitable measures for the amelioration of the condition of the agriculturists and labourers.

"We contemplate taking immediate steps to prepare plans for post-war reconstruction with the assistance of competent persons.

"Effective measures will be taken to eradicate corruption from the administration.

"I do not consider that this is the occasion to place before the public a detailed programme. The immediate problems have been outlined above. In due course, a comprehensive programme will be placed before the country."

DON'T EXCLUDE NON-LEAGUE MUSLIMS, URGE NATIONALISTS

The willingness of the Nationalist Party in the Bengal Legislative Assembly to co-operate in an All-Partiee Ministry under a leader "generally acceptable" to the co-operating units was recorded in a resolution passed at a meeting of the party held this evening at the residence of its leader Dr. Shyama Prasad Mookerjee.

The Party, which has been approached by the leader of the Muslim League Party for support in the formation of a ministry and which is willing to co-operate in an All-Parties Ministry, however regrets to find that "the Muslim League Party declines to work with Muslim groups which do not belong to the Muslim League, although such groups are willing to join an All-Parties Ministry on the basis of an agreed programme."

The Party considers such an attitude to be inconsistent with the welfare of the Province, specially at this critical juncture.

The Party, therefore, emphasises that "if the Muslim League Party, on account of its policy of exclusion, fails to form a Ministry more representative than, or even as representative as the Huq Ministry, His Excellency the Governor should explore other available avenus for ending the deadlock."—A.P.

GOVERNOR INVITES NAZIMUDDIN

CALCUTTA, April 13.

"His Excellency the Governor of Bengal to-day received Khwaja Sir Nazimuddin and informed him that with a view to his being able to revoke the proclamation under Section 93 of the Government of India Act, 1935, would welcome his assistance in forming a ministry

Sir Nazimuddin has accepted His Excellency's invitation."

The above announcement has been made from Government House, Calcutta today.—A. P.

FEDERATION OF INDIAN TRADES ASSOCIATIONS

BANGALORE, April 12.

Resolutions urging upon the Government of India to give early and close attention to post-war reconstruction problems, and to formulate long term trade and industrial policies was passed at the fourth annual meeting of the Federation of Trades Associations of India which concluded after three hour deliberation this morning.—A. P.

For Viceroy's Council

Prospects Of Azizul Haque, Homi Mehta, Khare And Jamnadas Mehta

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, April 13.

It is expected the Viceroy will be back in Delhi this week. The announcement regarding the new appointments to the Viceroy's Council is expected on or about April 15.

Present information shows that Sir Ramaswami Mudaliar will not be able to return to India for some time.

Talks in New Delhi mention Sir Azizul Haque for Commerce Membership, Sir Homi Mehta for Supply and either Doctor Khare or Jamnadas Mehta for Overseas. Final selection is expected to be made this week as soon as the Viceroy returns from tour.

AZIZUL HAQUE FOR DELHI

CALCUTTA: Sir Azizul Haque, High Commissioner for India in London, left to-night for Delhi. On the way, he will halt at Hazaribagh for two days reaching Delhi on Monday.

NAZI ROBBERS FORCED TO DISGORGE

LONDON, April 13.

Algiers Radio this afternoon said "The Italian Vittoria Division whose vehicles were simply stolen by the Germans has been captured in its entirety."—Reuter.

MORGENTHAU ON SECOND FRONT

NEW YORK, April 12.

Launching a second United States War Loan drive to raise 13,000 million dollars by the end of April Mr. Henry Morgenthau, United States Secretary for the Treasury said that that a second front was just over the horizon.

"We are now ready to deal a few blows and they will be blows I can promise you that will rock Nazi Germany to its rotten blood stained foundations.

Referring to the Japanese "with their dreams of an Empire built on lies and treachery and to the Germans with their Kaisers and Fuehrers" Mr. Morgenthau said. "We say never again."

"We of the United Nations will show them who we are. We will show them some really great armies, Chinese, Russian, British and American. These are the mightiest military machine in all history."—Reuter.

Brief Lull To Come In Tunisia

LONDON, April 13.

Reuter's special correspondent with Allied Headquarters in North Africa comments:—At this stage of fighting, a pause in the operations would not be unnatural. The Eighth Army, the Americans and the British—fresh from the Fondouk fighting—and the French have all been involved in heavy fighting in the ardous task of keeping contact with the Axis by fast pursuit. Furthermore the Allied Armies now face the problem of a greatly contracting front and an enemy whose retreat has enabled him to concentrate his forces on a considerable scale.—Reuter.

ITALIAN TRANSPORT SUNK

ZURICH, April 13.

Four hundred Italian soldiers lost their lives when an Italian transport was torpedoed off Tunis by a British submarine, says a report from Sicily.—Reuter.

Bengal Raids Before Defence Council

NEW DELHI, April 13.

The National Defence Council met again at the Viceroy's House, says a Press "communique."

H. E. the Viceroy presided. The Hon. Sir Jogindra Singh made a statement on the production of food crops in India and in the discussion which followed the latest figures of the areas under cultivation and yields of kharif crops of 1942-43 were reviewed.

War transport was next taken up and the Hon. Sir S. N. Roy described the results of the survey recently made of the use of country craft in coasta l traffic and the steps in view to remove difficulties and improve the service. A memorandum which had been circulated on petrol rationing and substitute fuels was also discussed.

A. R. P. REVISION

The Hon'ble Sir J. P. Srivastava gave an account of air raids on North-East India since the last session of the Council and outlined also the main features of the revision of policy as regards organisation of A. R. P. in the light of the improved war situation. A review of progress in war publicity was the last subject for the day.

The Council meets again to-morrow.—A. P.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

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20. MATRIMONIAL

Wanted—A beautiful, healthy, cultured and educated girl of a Bisa Agrawal family for a handsome educated and healthy Bisa Agrawal (Goel Gotra) widower, age 30 years. Family very rich. Landlord and owner of a very big Mill. Director of a Bank and several limited concerns income is in lacs of rupees. A male child of 6 years and a girl 2 years old from the deceased wife. Apply with full particulars to Box No. 4061, "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Shorthand-Typist. Apply personally with testimonials Dhanwandiwalla Company, 583, Chira Bazar. 1320

Wanted one experienced and energetic young man to work as weaving assistant in night shift in an upcountry mill situated in Central India. Apply with previous experience certificates, etc. to Box No. 1319, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted experienced assistant short-hand typist, managing clerk, Bill clerk, Court clerk and General clerk for a solicitor's office. Apply stating qualifications experience and salary expected to Box No. 1316, "Bombay Chronicle"

Wanted a M.B., B.S. Lady Doctor for a local Maternity Home and Dispensary. One year's experience is essential. Free furnished quarters with boarding. Apply stating nationality, age and salary required with copies of testimonials to the Trustees, Seth Hussonali Abdulali Dholkawala Wakf Charity Trusts, Resham Building, 196, Mohamedali Road. 1315

Wanted A Gujarati M. A. and an M. Sc. or Honours Graduates to handle English, History, Geography, Mathematics and Science in Higher Classes. Candidates with teaching experience and qualifications will be preferred. Apply to Principal, Bai Kabibai Hindu High School, 26, Bora Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay. 1307

Wanted a Publicity Expert by a leading Film Concern. Should possess high academic qualification in English with a Sound knowledge of Marathi and Hindi. Previous experience in the line an asset, stating minimum salary. Apply Box No. 1304 "Bombay Chronicle."

Lady Secretary (independent) knowing English correspondence and typewriting is wanted on decent salary and allowance if on travelling. Apply to Box No. 1306, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Qualified Medical Practitioner for a private Dispensary at Porbander. One knowing Gujarati preferable. Apply with testimonials and stating minimum terms to Box No. 4115, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a stenotypist pay rupees 70-3-100 service pensionable graduates preferred apply to Diwan Dhrangadhra State (Kathiawar) before 5th May 1943 stating age, caste, mother tongue, educational qualifications, experience, where and how occupied at present together with a copy of a recent photograph and testimonials. (4114)

Wanted artists thoroughly capable of preparing advt. layouts and designs. To join at Delhi. Apply with specimen works done (to be returned) and state minimum salary acceptable Box No. 4119, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Professional Chemical Analysers for analysing ores and metals on job basis. Apply Box No. 4102 "Bombay Chronicle."

65. ACCOMMODATION WANTED

A Parsee family wants an unfurnished flat of hall, dining room, two or three bedrooms, baths, kitchen in any decent residential locality. Good rent paid. Write to Box No. 1314, "Bombay Chronicle."

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Local Self-Government Service— Applications are invited from candidates, desirous of joining L. S. G. D. Diploma Training Classes for Officers of Local Self-Government Service which commences on the 10th May 1943 at Bombay, Poona and Ahmedabad. For prospectus, apply Local Self-Government Institute, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay. 4105

Public Notices

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

TENDERS will be received up to 1 p. m. (S. T.) on MONDAY, the 26th April, 1943, for the supply, at the Port Trust Stores, Mazagon, Bombay No. 10, of CLOTH DUNGRY THICK ABOUT 7,000 YARDS and CLOTH DUNGRY THIN ABOUT 5,000 YARDS.

Tender forms giving full particulars can be obtained from the office of the undersigned on payment of Re. 1|- per copy and will not be sent V.P.P.

R. C. MASTER,
Ag. Controller of Stores.
(4121)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the rate of Rs. 12-0-0 Per Inch

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance.

NOTICE OF THE GENERAL MEETING TO PASS SPECIAL RESOLUTIONS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRA ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of The Barsi Spinning & Weaving Mills Limited will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at 1|2, Mubarak Manzil, (2nd floor) 104, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, on 5th May 1943 at 3-00 p.m. (N.S.T.) to transact the following business:—

(a) To approve and sanction the appointment of Desai Arwade, Limited as Managing Agents of the Company and to approve and sanction the Agreement of the said Managing Agency as per Draft Agreement (signed and initialled by the Chairman for verification, and duly approved by the Solicitors of the Company) Copies whereof are circulated to the Shareholders herewith.

(b) And to approve and sanction the amendment in the Articles of Association of the Company necessitated by the proposed Agreement with the New Managing Agents and the interim arrangements made by the Board for the management of the Company's affairs on the resignation of the previous Managing Agents.

(c) And to approve and adopt the arrangements by the Board for management of the Company's affairs on the resignation of the previous Managing Agents. And

(d) In connection with the above to consider and if thought fit to pass the following Resolutions as Special Resolutions namely:—

1. Resolved that Desai Arwade, Limited a Private Limited Company, Bombay, be and is hereby appointed Managing Agents of the Company as and from 27th March, 1943 for the period of ten (10) years on terms and conditions as to remuneration or otherwise of Draft Agreement circulated to the Shareholders with the Notice. The Company hereby approves the said Agreement with all its terms and conditions and sanctions the same and authorizes the Directors to enter into the said Agreement with Desai Arwade Limited with such further modifications to be made therein (save and except the provisions therein relating to remuneration) as may be approved by the Directors and the said Desai Arwade Limited.

II. Resolved that the Company hereby approves and adopts the several amendments in the Articles of Association of the Company as per Draft (signed and initialled by the Chairman), copies whereof are circulated to the Shareholders with the Notice and sanctions them with a view to amend the Articles in consonance with the Agreement of the Managing Agents and with a view to appoint one or more of the Directors as a Managing Director or Managing Directors and to fix his or their remuneration as indicated in the said draft.

III. The Company approves and adopts the arrangements made and required to be made for the management of the Company's affairs on the resignation of the previous Managing Agents and the resolutions of the Board in that behalf made on 16|2|1943 and ratifies, confirms and approves all the acts done by the Managing Directors Messrs. V. Y. Desai and J. B. Arwade in the course of their management from 16|2|43 to 27|3|43. The Company sanctions to them in lieu of their said services, the same remuneration for that period as is sanctioned by the Managing Agency Agreement to Desai Arwade Limited of which they are the permanent Directors.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
(Sd.) P. V. JOSHI,
Chairman.

12th April, 1943.
Mubarak Manzil,
104, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
Dated 12th April, 1943.

N. B.:—Copies with accompaniments therein of the above have been already circulated on 12th April, 1943, to the Shareholders as usual.

P. V. J.
4150

TENDER NOTICE

THE CONTROLLER OF SUPPLIES, Purchase Branch, Ahmedabad House, Wittet Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay invites tender for the stores detailed below:—

	Feet.
Hose Canvas Delivery of sizes.	27,500

Tender No. P.SY/8E/4327.

Price of tender form is Rs. 6/- per set and is not refundable and forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in cash or by Money Order only to the Controller of Supplies, (Purchase Branch), Bombay, quoting Tender No. and remitter's full address on the coupon in the case of money orders.

Tenders will be received upto 4 p.m. on 24/4/43 and opened at 11 a.m. on 25/4/43.
4145.

Public Notices

TENDER NOTICE.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the construction of ten wooden Police Chowkies measuring approximately 7' x 7' at the following places in the City of Bombay. Tenders should be properly sealed and forwarded to the undersigned so as to reach him not later than 12-0 noon on the 22nd April, 1943.

	PLACE.	NAME OF THE POLICE STATION.
1.	Parel Village, Parel Tank Road....	Bhoiwada Police Station.
2.	Junction of Bramhanvada Road and Bhawoo Dajee Road.	Kingsway Police Station.
3.	Sir Bhalchandra Road, Matunga Bazar.	-do-
4.	Sir Bhalchandra Road, Hindu Colony Dadar.	-do-
5.	Junction of Bhawanishankar Road and Gokhale Road, South Dadar.	Dadar Police Station.
6.	Gokhale Road near Portugese Church, Dadar.	-do-
7.	Junction of Old Parbhadevi Road and Kashinath Dhuru Street, Agar Bazar.	-do-
8.	Hansali Tank, Lady Jamshedji Road.	Mahim Police Station.
9.	Matunga Level Crossing, Hardinge Road.	-do-
10.	Sion Bridge.	-do-

Best teak wood material will have to be used for the construction of the above chowkies. A rough sketch of the proposed chowkey can be seen at Head Police Office, Accounts Branch, Bombay No. 1 where from further information if required can also be obtained. A security not exceeding 10% of the total value of the work will have to be deposited before undertaking the construction of the wooden chowkies

R. N. NAYAMPALLI,
Dy. Commissioner of Police
Prohibition and Head Office, Bombay

Head Police Office;
Bombay, 12th April, 1943.
(4144)

REQUIRED! CLERKS!!

MATRICULATES AND MEN UP TO MATRICULATE STANDARD

AS

CLERKS IN THE SERVICES

AGE LIMITS

ROYAL INDIAN NAVY	17½ to 26
INDIAN ARMY	18 to 45
INDIAN AIR FORCE	18 to 38

STARTING PAY

From Rs. 60 to Rs. 65 Per Month

PLUS

FREE FOOD ACCOMMODATION AND CLOTHING
(GOOD PROSPECTS FOR PROMOTION)

Candidates will be required to serve anywhere within or outside India.

CIVILIAN CLERKS
Aged 26 or over
Rs. 50 per month
For service in India only.

Apply for full particulars, stating service preferred, to the nearest

TECHNICAL RECRUITING OFFICE

Bungalow 39 Camp, BELGAUM.
Military Barracks, KHANDWA.
Lal Darwaza, AHMEDABAD.
Assembly Rest House, NAGPUR.
Esplanade Maidan, Dhobi Talao, BOMBAY.
Staunton Road, POONA.
4040.

NOTICE.

THE CONTROLLER OF SUPPLIES (Purchase Branch), Ahmedabad House, Ballard Estate, Bombay invites tenders for the supply of stores detailed below:—

Spanners S. E. & D. E. of sizes
Screw Drivers, 6" Blade.
Tender No. MP|8K|7973

Price of tender forms is Rs. 3 per set and is not refundable and forms are not transferable. Payment should be made either by cash or by M. O. quoting tender No. and remitter's full address on the coupon.

Tenders will be received upto 4 p. m. on 19-4-43.
(4148)

TENDER NOTICE

THE CONTROLLER OF SUPPLIES, Purchase Branch, Ahmedabad House, Ballard Estate, Bombay, invites tenders for the store detailed below:—

Tar Vegetable ..... 5600 Gallons.
Tender No. P/SY/54701/8F/4299/DSR.

Price of Tender forms is Rs. 4/- per set and is not refundable and forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in cash or by Money Order only to the Controller of Supplies, Purchase Branch Bombay, quoting tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon in the case of Money Orders.

Tenders will be received upto 19/4/1943 and the offers will remain open upto 4-5-1943.

Applicants not already on the list of approved contractors maintained by the Chief Administrative Officer, Purchase Branch Department of Supply, New Delhi, must state in their applications for Tender Forms the name of their bankers.
4146.

WANTED

AN ADVERTISING EXPERT, and Commercial Artist to organize advertising and Publicity Dept. of a big firm having different Industries. Apply Box No. 1312. "Bombay Chronicle".

NOTICE.

THE CONTROLLER OF SUPPLIES, (Purchase Branch), Ahmedabad House, Ballard Estate, Bombay, invites tenders for the supply of stores detailed below:—

"Files, Drills, Wrenches, Taps, Dies, Spanners, Axes, Punches, Chisels etc. of sizes."
Tender No. MP/8K/7940

Price of Tender Forms is Rs. 6 per set and is not refundable and forms are not transferable. Payment should be made either by cash or by Money Order quoting tender No. and remitter's full address on the coupon.

Tenders will be received up to 4 p.m. on 20/4/1943.
4147

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the certificates for six Second Preference shares Nos. 59. 401498/503 of THE TATA IRON & STEEL COMPANY, LIMITED, standing in the name of HARIBHAU VITHAL GINDE have been lost or mislaid and the undersigned has applied to the Company to issue duplicate certificates for the said shares Any person who has a claim in respect of the said shares should lodge such claim with the Company at its registered office, Bombay House, 24, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay, within one month from this date, else the Company will proceed to issue duplicate share certificates.

14th April, 1943.
PANDURANG HARI GINDE.
1313.

Public Notices

NOTICE

THE TEXTILE STORES & MACHINERY MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION. BOMBAY.

A GENERAL MEETING of Merchants and Manufacturers of Textile Stores and Machinery will be held at the Office of the Consolidated Mill Supplies Ltd., Corner of Homji Street and Sir Pheroseshah Mehta Road. Fort, at 4 p.m. (New S.T.) *sharp* on THURSDAY, the 29th April 1943 to consider and adopt the draft constitution as prepared by the Provisional Committee All interested are invited to attend. Copy of the draft constitution can be obtained on a written request from the undersigned.

S. H. BHAGWATI,
Secretary, 43 Forbes Street, Fort, Bombay.
4141.

DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY

WANTED SENIOR TECHNICAL ASSISTANTS temporary Gazetted posts. Pay Rs. 350-25-600|-. Candidates should have general knowledge of small tools and their uses with experience of sales and office organisation. Applications to Chairman, National Service Labour Tribunal, Hassan Chambers, Parsee Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay, from residents in Bombay Province before 20th April, 1943.
4140

Legal Notices

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Messrs. JANARDAN RAGHUNATH MORE and MOTIRAM JANARDAN MORE, both of Bombay Hindu inhabitants have contracted for the absolute sale to our client of the undermentioned property. All persons, therefore, having or claiming any right, title or interest in or to the said property or any part thereof whether by way of inheritance, bequest, trust, possession, gift, sale, mortgage, charge, lien, maintenance, lease, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make such claim known in writing to the undersigned at their office at No. 134, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay within 14 days from this date, otherwise, the said sale will be completed without reference to any such claim and all such claims, if any, made thereafter will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of pension and tax land together with the messuages and dwelling houses standing thereon situate at Manmala Tank Road, Mahim in the registration District and Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 6952 sq. yds. or thereabouts and bounded on the North partly by the property of Tulsidas Vassanji and partly by the property of Maneckbai on the South by the Oart of Manekbai, widow of Balgowan Hargowan on the East by the Manmala Tank Road and partly by the property of Tulsidas Vassanji and on the West by the Oart of Manekbai, widow of Balgowan Hargowan which said premises are registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New No. 3840, New Survey No. 1|1390 and Cadastral Survey No. 543, Mahim Division and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under (17) G Ward Nos. 4048 (1), 4049 (2-3), Street No. 409, (17), G Ward No. 4049 (1), Street No. (8A), (17), G Ward No. 4049 (4), Street No. 410 C and (17) G Ward No. 4049 (5), Street No. 410 D.

SUNKERSETT & VAIDYA.
Attorneys for the Purchaser.
Date: 13th April, 1943.
(4152)

PUBLIC NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that GAFFOOR KHUDABUX, of Bombay Muslim inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. Any person having any claim in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lease, lien, easement or otherwise is hereby required to make known the same in writing to us in our Office at No. 7981, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, and to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO:

ALL that piece or parcel of Quit and Ground Rent land or Ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Second Bhandari Street and outside the Fort of Bombay, within the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 99 7/9 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 4846 and Cadastral Survey No. 3782 of Bhuleshwar Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "C" Ward No. 7902-7903 Street No. 4 and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the North by Sweepers' passage, on or towards the South by Second Bhandari Street, on or towards the East by Sweepers' passage and on or towards the West by property of Alibhai Jariwalla.

Dated this 12th day of April. 1943
DAMKEVALA & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
4142

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. ABDULKARIM ABDULLABHAI has contracted to sell to our client the property described hereunder. All persons having any claim whatsoever are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Central Bank Building, Esplanade Road Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY:

ALL THAT quit and ground rent land with the dwelling house standing thereon situate at the Junction of Grant Road and Chimna Butcher Street containing by admeasurement 293 square yards bearing Cadastral Survey No. 4133 of the Bhuleshwar Division and assessed by the Municipality under C Ward No. 7959 and 7231 Street Nos. 2-6 and 111-119.

Dated this 13th day of April, 1943.

AIBARA & Co.,
Purchaser's Attorneys
(4149)

NOTICE OF SALE.

Mr. VRAJLAL KHIMCHAND SHAH of Bombay, Solicitor, has contracted to sell the under-mentioned property to our client.

ALL PERSONS having any claim against the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, or in any manner howsoever are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at Tamarind Lane, Alli Chambers, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from this date, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same if any will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece of land, admeasuring about 5051 square yards situate at Ville Parle. Pakhadi Pond bearing Survey Nos. 185, Hissa No. 1 (part) and Survey No. 184 H. No. 3 (part).

Dated this 12th day of April, 1943.

CHOKSEY & CO.,
Attorneys-at-Law.
(4143)

Auction Sales

AUCTION SALE OF A CONSIGNMENT of 13 Persian and Indian Carpets comprising Bokhara, Shiraz, and Amritsar pieces of beautiful colourings with four season, floral and carved design sizes from 9-8 x 7-1 to 22 x 14 Sale on THURSDAY, 15th April, at 3 p.m. (N. S. T.), at the sale of the undersigned. On view three days previous to sale.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.
123, Medows Street.

Under instructions from the Insurance Co., concerned M/s. BENNETT & CO., will sell by public auction today WEDNESDAY the 14th inst. at 3 p.m. (New S.T.) at Krishna Press at Jackeria Bunder Road abt. 116 Bales Oily Bondas and abt. 107 Bales Dropping superior cotton waste, (damaged by fire and water). Terms Cash.

BONAFIDE SALE

AUCTION SALE OF modern Dining, Drawing and Bedroom furniture, Crockery, Glassware etc., on Friday the 16th inst. at 2-30 p.m. at 2 Land's End House Harkness Road, Malabar Hill, Property of C. E. Aitken Esq., C. I. E.

BENNETT & CO.

A Delightful Feast to the FAMILY
A Tale of 2 Brothers!
SUNRISE'S SOCIAL

GHAR SANSAR

SARDAR AKHTAR.
MAZARKHAN. NAZIR. KAJJAN.
Now Drawing FAMILIES TO
NOVELTY
4 SHOWS TODAY
1-30, 4-15, 7-15 & 10 p.m.

TODAY MATINEE AT 2-30 P.M.
4TH WEEK
SONG of the HEARTS TORN ASUNDER
BY FATE
SARAT Chatterjee's novel on the screen!
KASHINATH
NEW THEATRES' NEWEST HIT
Direction: NITIN BOSE
Music: PUNKAJ MULLICK
ASHIT-BARAN. SUNANDA. BHARATI. NAWAB. NEMO, Baby Latika
Daily: 5, 7-30 & 10 p.m.
Sat., Sun. at 2-30 p.m.
KRISHNA
(Advance Booking between 10 a.m. & 12 Noon)

MERRIEST MUSICOMEDY!
NAVYUG'S Tickling Romance
PAHILI MANGLAGOUR
Starring: SNEHPRABHA. SHAHU MODAK
6th WEEK at
CENTRAL
Daily: 4-30, 7-15, 10 p.m.

OPERA HOUSE
Daily: 5, 7-30 & 10 pm.
Sat., Sun. Matinee 2-30 pm.
RANJIT'S
Fariad
ISHWARLAL & SHAMIM
Director: JAYANT DESAI

RUSH—
and ENTHUSIASM... unprecedented in the career of Lamington...
ATRE'S
Gayest Comedy
taseer
with
DURGA KHOTE, MOTILAL, SUVARNLATA, David, Azurie, Navin Yagnik
Director: Najmal Hasan Naqvi
Now Running to
CAPACITY HOUSES
AT
LAMINGTON
4 Shows Today:
2-15, 4-15, 7-15 and 10 p.m.

REGAL at 4, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
GLORIA JEAN
"GET HEP TO LOVE"
Tuneful Comedy Hit With
JANE FRAZEE,
ROBERT PAIGE

CAPITOL at 4, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m
DOROTHY LAMOUR
"THE FLEET'S IN"
Plenty of Fun & Songs!
with WILLIAM HOLDEN
EDDIE BRACKEN

GRAND OPENING ON FRIDAY
(16th inst.)
OF NATIONAL'S
LUSCIOUS ROMANCE
APNA-PARAYA
with SAHU MODAK and HANSA
Directed by
R. THAKUR
AT
SWASTIK
3-30, 6-30, and 10 p.m.
Book Your Seats Now

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Public Notices

INCOME-TAX DEPARTMENT

In pursuance of sub-section (1) of Section 22 of the Indian Income-tax Act 1922 (XI of 1922), each of the Income-tax Officers mentioned in column 1 of the annexed table hereby gives notice to every person subject to his jurisdiction as specified in the corresponding entry in column 3 thereof whose total income during the previous year exceeded the maximum amount not chargeable to Income-tax to furnish to him within 60 days from the date of this notice a return in the prescribed form and verified in the prescribed manner settling forth (along with such other particulars as are required by the said form) the total income and the total world income of such person during that year.

A copy of the prescribed form will be supplied free of charge to any person who for the purpose of complying with the notice applies at the office of the Income-tax Officer concerned.

INCOMES BETWEEN Rs. 1,500 AND Rs. 2,000. Any person other than a company a local authority or a person not resident in British India whose total income during the previous year exceeded Rs. 1,500 but did not exceed Rs. 2,000 and who desires to discharge his liability to tax by making the requisite deposit in the Indian Post Office Defence Savings Bank should when applying for a form of return intimate to the Income-tax Officer that he intends to make such a deposit.

PENALTIES Any person who fails without reasonable cause to furnish the return required by this notice or fails without reasonable cause to furnish it within the time allowed or in the manner required is liable under Section 28 of the said Act to a penalty not exceeding 1 1/2 times any tax payable by him.

PLACE OF ASSESSMENT. Under the provisions of Section 64 of the said Act where an assessee carries on a business, profession or vocation at any place, he shall be assessed by the Income-tax Officer of the area in which that place is situate or, where the business, profession or vocation is carried on in more places than one by the Income-tax Officer of the area in which the principal place of his business, profession or vocation is situate, and in all other cases an assessee shall be assessed by the Income-tax Officer of the area in which he resides provided that where an Income-tax Officer has been specially empowered to assess certain classes of income or certain persons or classes of persons, the assessments of such persons and such income will be made by the Income-tax Officer so empowered.

Non-residents who are not assessed through statutory agents under Section 43 and who have any income for direct assessment, other than income from horse racing, will ordinarily be assessed by the Income-tax Officer of the circle in which the greater part of the assessable income arose in the assessment year 1939/40 or in the first year of assessment, whichever is later. In the absence of orders to the contrary the same officer will have jurisdiction for subsequent years so long as some income for direct assessment (not necessarily the greater part) continues to arise within his jurisdiction.

TABLE.

1 NAME AND DESIGNATOIN.	2 ADDRESS	3 JURISDICTION
PART I:—Officers serving under the Commissioner of Income-tax, Bombay.		
1. R. S. Sabnis, B.Com., Income-tax Officer, A Ward	Central Government Building, Queen's Road. Bombay.	A list of the areas of Bombay City which are included in these wards will be found on the notice board of the Income-tax Office, Central Government Building, Queen's Road, Bombay.
2. R. V. Raut, M.A., Income-tax Officer, A Ward.	—do—	
3. C. M. Soni, B.A., Income-tax Officer, A Ward.	—do—	
4. J. M. Kapadia, M.A., LL.B., Income-tax Officer, A Ward.	—do—	
5. J. R. Kanga, R.A., G.D.A., Income-tax Officer, A Ward.	—do—	
6. J. P. Billimoria, Income-tax Officer, A-II Ward.	—do—	
7. B. K. Gandhi, B.Com., G.D.A., R.A., Income-tax Officer, A-III Ward.	—do—	
8. N. J. Lawyer, B.A., Income-tax Officer, B-I Ward.	—do—	
9. S. H. Bhat, M.A., Income-tax Officer, B-I Ward.	—do—	
10. V. V. Apte, M.A., Income-tax Officer, B-II Ward.	—do—	
11. C. P. Shah, B.A., Income-tax Officer, B-II Ward.	—do—	
12 M. S. Khamkar, B.A., Income-tax Officer, B-II Ward.	—do—	
13. S. M. Padar, Income-tax Officer, B-II Ward.	—do—	
14. W. K. Gharpurey, B.Sc., Income-tax Officer, C-I Ward.	—do—	
15. Y. A. Tamhane, B.A., LLB., Income-tax Officer, C-I Ward.	—do—	
16. H. B. Jadhav, B.A., Income-tax Officer, C-I Ward	—do—	
17. M. I. Koreishi, Income-tax Officer, C-I Ward.	—do—	
18. P. T. Randive, B.Sc., Income-tax Officer, C-II Ward.	—do—	
19. R. G. Raval, Income-tax Officer, C-II Ward.	—do—	
20 P. D. Dalal, M.A. G.D.A. Income-tax Officer, C-II Ward.	—do—	
21. A. R. H. Naik, B.A., Income-tax Officer, C-III Ward.	—do—	
22 E. A. Contractor, B.A., LL.B., B. Com., B.Sc., Barrister-at-Law, Income-tax Officer, C-III Ward.	—do—	
23. C. H. Mehta, B.A., Income-tax Officer, C-III Ward.	—do—	
24. R. B. Antia, B.A., Income-tax Officer, C-III Ward.	—do—	
25. A. L. Kazi, B.A. LL.B., Income-tax Officer, D-I Ward.	—do—	
26. V. Gopinathan, M.A., Income-tax Officer, D-II Ward.	—do—	
27 C. K. Butala, F.A.A., Income-tax Officer, E Ward.	—do—	
28 S. S. Bharucha, Income-tax Officer, G. Ward.	—do—	
29 M. P. Muzumdar, Income-tax Officer, Market Ward.	—do—	
30. A. Bhimji, Income-tax Officer, Market Ward.	—do—	
31. V. S. Jatar, B.Com., Income-tax Officer, Salaries, Section I.	—do—	All persons not specifically assigned to other officers being employees serving in Bombay City or employers, other than companies as defined in section 2(6) of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922, who received in the previous year income from salaries of not less than Rs. 1,560/-. (2) Pensioners residing in the City of Bombay who drew pension in the previous year of not less than Rs. 1,500/-. (3) Employees of the G.I.P. Railway and the B. B. and C. I. Railway wherever they may be serving, except those under the audit of the Audit Officer, Railway Collieries, Calcutta. (4) All Government servants employed under the Director-General of Observatories, Poona, the Director, Madras and Kodaikanal Observatories, the Meteorologist Upper Air Observatories, Agra, and the Meteorologist, Karachi, who are under the audit of the Accountant General, Bombay.
32 C. P. Mucadam, B.Com., G.D.A., A.S.A.A., Income-tax Officer, Salaries, Section I.	—do—	
33. V. R. Akerkar, B.A., LL.B., Income-tax Officer, Salaries Section II.	—do—	All persons not specifically allocated to other officers being employees serving in Bombay City of Companies as defined in section 2(6) of the Indian Income-tax Act and employees of the Rajputana Minerals Company Ltd., who received in the previous year income from "Salaries" of not less than Rs. 1,500/-
34. J. E. A. Brown, B.A., Income-tax Officer, Salaries, Section II.	—do—	
35. H. B. Parekh, B.A., Income-tax Officer, Non-Residents' Refund Circle.	—do—	(1) Persons not resident in British India whose total income is made up of income wholly taxed at source or of dividends or of both. (2) Pensioners who draw their pensions in the United Kingdom and reside in Indian States. (3) Pensioners who draw their pensions through Post Offices in Indian States and reside in those States. (4) Religious and charitable institutions outside British India which are exempt from income-tax under section 4(3) of the Indian Income-tax Act applying for refunds of tax deducted at source in respect of interest on securities. (5) "Thana" funds administered by Political Agents in Kathiawar. (6) Local or Thana funds administered by Government Offices in Indian States or in British administered areas in these States which are either not liable to income-tax or have been exempted under section 60 of the Act. (7) All persons assessed under section 44C of the Act.
36. F. B. Wadia, B.Com. Income-tax Officer, Non-Residents' Refund Circle.	—do—	
37. N. V. Desai, B.Com., G.D.A., Income-tax Officer, Circle I.	—do—	All assessees who have been or may from time to time be assigned to these circles by the Commissioner of Income-tax, Bombay. Such assessees consist mainly of persons, other than companies, who are liable to Excess Profits Tax.
38. M. N. Vagh, Income-tax Officer, Circle II.	—do—	
39. M. D. Advani, Income-tax Officer, Circle III.	—do—	
40. V. M. Kaikani, B.A., Income-tax Officer, Companies Circle 1, (Section 1).	Central Government Building, Queen's Road, Bombay.	All assessees who have been or may from time to time be assigned to these circles by the Commissioner of Income-tax, Bombay. Such assessees consist mainly of companies having their registered office or principal place of business in the City of Bombay.
41. E. D. Shah, M.A., Income-tax Officer, Companies Circle 1, (Section 11).	—do—	
42. M. S. Nadkarni, B.A., LL.B., Income-tax Officer, Companies Circle 1, (Section 111).	—do—	
43. N. D. Mehrotra, M.A., Income-tax Officer Companies Circle 11, (Section 1).	—do—	
44 B. G. Dhonde, Income-tax Officer, Companies Circle 11, (Section 11).	—do—	
45. M. B. Palekar, M.A., LL.B., Income-tax Officer, Companies Circle 11, (Section 111).	—do—	
46. D. N. Sabawalla, B.A., Income-tax Officer, Companies Circle 111, (Section 1).	—do—	
47. B. D. Jog, B.A., G.D.A., R.A., Income-tax Officer, Companies Circle 111, (Section 11).	—do—	
48. H. A. Shah, B.Com., Income-tax Officer, Companies Circle 111. (Section 111).	—do—	
49. C. D. Amin, B.A., Income-tax Officers, Ahmedabad Circle.	Income-tax Office, Ahmedabad.	All assessees who have been or may from time to time by assigned to them by the Commissioner of Income-tax, Bombay. Such assessees consist mainly of persons who are liable to Excess Profits Tax.
50. F. H. Vallibhoy, B.Com., Income-tax Officer, Ahmedabad Circle.	Income-tax Office, Ahmedabad.	
51. B. E. Kumana, B.Com., G.D.A., A.S.A.A., Income-tax Officer, A Division, Ahmedabad.	—do—	A list of the areas of Ahmedabad City which are included in these divisions will be found on the notice board of the Income-tax Office, Ahmedabad.
52. R. P. Kapadia, M.A., LL.B., Income-tax Officer, B. Division, Ahmedabad.	—do—	
53. V. C. Tavkar, B.A., Income-tax Officer, C. Division, Ahmedabad.	—do—	
54 D. G. Deokar, M.A., Income tax Officer, D Division, Ahmedabad.	—do—	
55. R. N. Adarbad, R.A., G.D.A., Income-tax Officer, Ahmedabad District and the District of Mount Abu.	—do—	The whole of the Ahmedabad District with the exception of Ahmedabad City and the whole of the District of Mount Abu.
56 A. R. Chinderkar, Income-tax Officer, Kaira District.	Income-tax Office, Nadiad.	The whole of the Kaira District.
57 M. I. Patel, B.Com., G.D.A., R.A., Income-tax Officer, Broach and Panchmahals Districts.	Income-tax Office, Broach.	The whole of the Broach and Panchmahals Districts.
58 R. M. Mody, Income-tax Officer, Surat City.	Income-tax Office, Surat.	Surat City.
59. J. M. Gandhi, Income-tax Officer, Surat District.	—do—	(1) The whole of the Surat District with the exception of Surat City (2) Lands within the Sachin State occupied by the Tapti Valley Railway.
60. P. E. Golwalla, M.A., LL.B., Income-tax Officer, East Khandesh District.	Income-tax Office, Jalgaon.	The whole of the East Khandesh District.
61. A. A. Shaikh, M.A., LL.B., Income-tax Officer, West Khandesh District.	Income-tax Office, Dhulia.	The whole of the West Khandesh District.
62 Y. B. Korgaonkar, B.Com., Income-tax Officer, Nasik District.	Income-tax Office, Nasik.	The whole of the Nasik District.
63. R. G. Deshpande, M.A., Income-tax Officer, Ahmednagar District.	Income-tax Office, Ahmednagar.	The whole of the Ahmednagar District.
64 V. M. Kale, B.Sc., Income-tax Officer, Sholapur District.	Income-tax Office, Sholapur.	The whole of the Sholapur District.
65 V. G. Kamble, B.A., Income-tax Officer, Poona City.	Income-tax Office, Poona.	(1) All assessees other than persons having income from salaries or pensions in the City and Cantonment of Poona. (2) All persons not resident in British India and not assessed through statutory agents under section 43, any part of whose income is derived from horse racing.
66 V. R. Muzumdar, Income tax Officer, "Salaries" and Poona District.	—do—	The whole of the Poona District except the City and Cantonment. (2) Military employees under the audit of the Controller of Military Accounts, Poona and Southern Command, Poona. (3) All persons not otherwise specified having income from salaries or pensions in the City and District of Poona
67. P. K. Shinde, Income-tax Officer attached to the Adjutant General's Branch, General Headquarters. India, and stationed at Poona.	Income-tax Office Wanowrie, Poona.	Personnel of the Defence Services under the audit control of the Field Controller of Military Accounts, Poona, other than those working in the office of the Field Controller himself or in the accounts offices of the different units in India under his audit control.
68. P. K. Wavekar, B.A., B.Com., Income-Tax Officer, Satara District.	Income-tax Office, Satara.	The whole of the Satara District.
69. M. H. Variava, B.Com., Income-tax Officer, Thana and Bombay Suburban Districts.	Income-tax Office, Thana.	The whole of the Thana and Bombay Suburban Districts.
70 J. R. Khambatta, B.A., LL.B., Income-tax Officer, Kolaba and Ratnagiri Districts.	Income-tax Office, Alibag.	The whole of the Kolaba and Ratnagiri Districts.
71 D. K. Kelkar, Income-tax Officer, Belgaum District and Kanara below Ghat Talukas.	Income-tax Office, Belgaum.	(1) The whole of the Belgaum District. (2) The area of the Kanara District which lies below the Ghats. A list of the Talukas and Petas included in that area will be found on the notice board of the Income-tax Office, Belgaum. (3) Lands within the Miraj (Senior) State occupied by the Madras and Southern Maratha Railway and the Barsi Light Railway.
72 G. V. Nerurkar, B.A., LL.B., Income-tax Officer, Dharwar and Kanara above Ghat Talukas.	Income-tax Office, Dharwar.	The whole of the Dharwar District and the area of the Kanara District which lies above the Ghats. A list of the Talukas and Petas included in that area will be found on the notice board of the Income-tax Office, Dharwar.
73. N. P. Munshi, B.A., Income-tax Officer, Bijapur District.	Income-tax Office, Bijapur.	The whole of the Bijapur District.
74. M. M. Khanna, M.Sc., Income-tax Officer, Ajmer-Merwara.	Income-tax Office, Ajmer.	The Province of Ajmer-Merwara.

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2 V. T. Shah, Income-tax Officer, Section II (Central).	—do—	
3. A. J. Shah, B.Com., G.D.A., A.S.A.A., Income-tax Officer, Section III (Central).	—do—	
4. S. B. Athalye, M.A., LL.B., Income-tax Officer, Section IV (Central).	—do—	
5. A. L. Chaugule, Income-tax Officer, Section V (Central).	—do—	
6. P. S. Bagadthey, M.A., LL.B., B.Com., Income-tax Officer, Section VII (Central).	—do—	All cases which have been or may from time to time be assigned to him by the Commissioner of Income-tax (Central) Bombay, out of those cases which have been or may be transferred to the said Commissioner by the Central Board of Revenue.
7. A. C. Mehta, B.A., Income-tax Officer, Section VIII (Central).	—do—	
8. P. P. Surti, G.D.A., Income-tax Officer, Section IX (Central).	—do—	
9. J. F. Tata, Income-tax Officer, Section X (Central).	—do—	
10. V. S. Jayakar, Income-tax Officer, Section XI (Central).	—do—	
11. H. J. Mehta, B.Com., Income-tax Officer, Section XII (Central).	—do—	
12. N. V. Damle, M.A., LL.B., Income-tax Officer, Section VI (Central).	—do—	Cases assigned to him as above and also all cases of persons serving under the Central Government in the Income-tax Department in the Provinces of Bombay, Sind, British Baluchistan and Ajmer-Merwara.

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Public Notice

1 NAME AND DESIGNATION.	2 ADDRESS	3 JURISDICTION
50. F. H. Vallibhoy, B.Com., Income-tax Officer, Ahmedabad Circle.	Income-tax Office, Ahmedabad.	All assessees who have been or may from time to time by assigned to them by the Commissioner of Income-tax, Bombay. Such assessees consist mainly of persons who are liable to Excess Profits Tax.
51. B. E. Kumana, B.Com., G.D.A., A.S.A.A., Income-tax Officer, A Division, Ahmedabad.	—do—	A list of the areas of Ahmedabad City which are included in these divisions will be found on the notice board of the Income-tax Office, Ahmedabad.
52. R. P. Kapadia, M.A., LL.B., Income-tax Officer, B. Division, Ahmedabad.	—do—	
53. V. C. Tavkar, B.A., Income-tax Officer, C. Division, Ahmedabad.	—do—	
54 D. G. Deokar, M.A., Income tax Officer, D Division, Ahmedabad.	—do—	
55. R. N. Adarbad, R.A., G.D.A., Income-tax Officer, Ahmedabad District and the District of Mount Abu.	—do—	The whole of the Ahmedabad District with the exception of Ahmedabad City and the whole of the District of Mount Abu.
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67. P. K. Shinde, Income-tax Officer attached to the Adjutant General's Branch, General Headquarters. India, and stationed at Poona.	Income-tax Office Wanowrie, Poona.	Personnel of the Defence Services under the audit control of the Field Controller of Military Accounts, Poona, other than those working in the office of the Field Controller himself or in the accounts offices of the different units in India under his audit control.
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74. M. M. Khanna, M.Sc., Income-tax Officer, Ajmer-Merwara.	Income-tax Office, Ajmer.	The Province of Ajmer-Merwara.

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4. S. B. Athalye, M.A., LL.B., Income-tax Officer, Section IV (Central).	—do—	
5. A. L. Chaugule, Income-tax Officer, Section V (Central).	—do—	
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12. N. V. Damle, M.A., LL.B., Income-tax Officer, Section VI (Central).	—do—	Cases assigned to him as above and also all cases of persons serving under the Central Government in the Income-tax Department in the Provinces of Bombay, Sind, British Baluchistan and Ajmer-Merwara.

STRENGTHENING MUSLIM LEAGUE

Proposals Before Forthcoming Session

NEW DELHI, April 11.

The forthcoming session of the All India Muslim League is expected to be a momentous one in more than one sense. There will be stock-taking of past achievements and in its light a new and positive path for Pakistan will be outlined for Muslim India. With this end in view a comprehensive scheme will be chalked out for strengthening the league on a more solid basis; more attention will be devoted towards constructive activities among Muslims. But this does not mean that the present Indian problems will be ignored; rather the attitude of the League to these problems and immediate proposals with the object of breaking the political deadlock for which the whole country has been waiting so long, will be put in authoritative terms.

These proposals are expected to be formulated in the light of recent developments in the international situation and in a way that will lead the Muslims towards their desired goal. The proposals are believed to be in the nature of a big gesture from the League to Government and all political parties.

With these expectations political circles here are naturally asking "what will Mr. Jinnah say"? Various speculations are afloat but it is gathered from reliable sources that Mr. Jinnah's address is likely to be on the following lines:—

Failure of the Cripps' Mission, expression of disgust at the second expansion of the Governor-General's Executive Council, which is aimed at weakening the League, Congress' attempts to coerce the British to capitulate to the detriment of Muslims including Gandhiji's latest fast, political activities of no-party leaders trying to speak for all parties though admitting themselves to be no party men and Government's opportunist policy towards Muslims.

Mr. Jinnah will call upon the Muslims to rally round the League and make determined efforts to achieve their ideal of Pakistan undeterred by difficulties as there is no other solution for them.

Distinguished foreign Power representatives present here are expected to attend this session.—Orient Press.

Need For A United Front For Swaraj

JAMMU, April 12.

"Every Muslim should consider himself an Indian and India his home", declared Sheikh Mohd. Abdullah, in the course of his presidential address at the annual session of the Jammu and Kashmir National Conference held at Mirpur. He said, "We Muslims are born in India and have to die here. Our blood permeates every particle of this land. Our heritage is spread out from Kashmir to Cape Comorin and from Khyber to Nepal. India is and will remain our motherland. We should be foremost in freeing it from alien control".

APPEAL TO MUSLIMS.

Mr. Abdulla made a fervent appeal to the various parties in the country to come to an agreement and present a united demand for a national Government and for India's freedom. The present political impasse, he pointed out, was the result of the fundamental mistake committed by the British Government in not consulting Indian public opinion in regard to India's participation in war. Reiterating his faith in the anti-fascist and anti-Nazi character of the Congress, he said that a golden opportunity for the solution of the Indian deadlock provided by Mahatma Gandhi's correspondence with the Viceroy has been spurned by the Government.—United Press.

Late Dr. Padshah

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A meeting of the Staff and Students of the Seth Gordhandas Sunderdas Medical College and its associated Hospitals held on Monday in the College to express its profound sorrow at the sad and untimely demise of Dr. J. P. Padshah, M.D. (Lond.), F.C.P.S. (Bom.), Dean of College and Hospital, placed on record the very valuable services which Dr. Padshah rendered to these institutions, as an able Administrator, a popular Teacher and an eminent Physician and offered its heartfelt condolences to the members of his family in their very sad bereavement. Dr. R. N. Cooper, M.S. (Lond.), F.R.C.S. (Eng.), Professor R. P. Koppikar, M.S. (Bom.), Dr. V. R. Khanolkar, B.Sc., M.D. (Lond.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), M.R.C.S. (Eng.) and Dr. A. S. Erulkar, M.D. (Lond.), paid moving tributes to the work and memory of Dr. Padshah.

The meeting also appointed a Committee of influential persons to collect funds for raising a suitable memorial in memory of the late Dr. J. P. Padshah to perpetuate his association with the College and the K. E. M. Hospital.

The College and the Hospital Office were closed for the day as a mark of respect to the memory of Dr. J. P. Padshah.

Mr. Y. G. Talpade

A farewell function in honour of Mr. Y. G. Talpade, retired Headmaster of Robert Money School was held.

Rev. Cannon George Clarke, the Secretary of the Christian Missionary Society, presided. The Principal of the School, Mr. C. A. Christie, made the introductory speech on the occasion.

Mr. Talpade was connected with the school for 41 years, 34 of which is spent as an assistant master afterwards rising to Headmastership of the school for many years and 7 years he was its pupil.

AGA KHAN HOCKEY

Lusitanians And B. B. & C. I. In A Drawn Semi-Final

Although yesterday's semi-final between the Lusitanians and the B. B. and C. I. would suffer somewhat by comparison with the hectic Manavadar-G.I.P. encounter, still there were sporadic moments of extreme excitement in last evening's game, particularly when the Lusitanians came very near to scoring on no less than six occasions but didn't.

If a game were decided on "sitters" that presented themselves to a side, then the Lusitanians should have run out winners by 5 goals to two. As it was however, the best they could do was to force a draw, mainly due to their poor finish.

In the first half, despite the territorial advantage which the Lusics enjoyed, it was the B.B. and C.I. that led, Ashton sending in a first-timer off a free hit close to the circle. The Lusics equalised midway in the second half, and the teams will continue the argument to-day.

Released Prisoners' Aid Society

Presiding over the annual general meeting of the Bombay Presidency Released Prisoners' Aid Society held at the Corporation Hall on Tuesday evening, Sir John Beaumont, the Chief Justice of Bombay, commended the good work done by the Society during recent years. He said that by reforming the criminal, and thus preventing him from again going to the jail, the society was helping the Government in reducing their expenditure on jails. It therefore deserved, said the Chief Justice, a substantial monetary help from the Government. He hoped that the grant which the society was getting from the Government would be continued.

The meeting dispersed after adopting the annual report and appointing the office-bearers.

Alleged Defamation Of The Dead

(Before the Hon. the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Weston).

This was an appeal filed by Mr. B. V. Varerkar, a Marathi playwright, and his publisher Mr. V. B. Marathe, against their conviction and sentence of Rs. 200/- by way of fine by the Presidency Magistrate, 4th Court, for defaming the late Mr. Gokhale in a play. The innuendo of the passage objected to was alleged to be that the late Mr Gokhale had married his second wife after she had already conceived a child by him. The prosecution was launched at the instance of a nephew of the late Mr. Gokhale.

On behalf of the appellants it was urged that this innuendo did not arise from the passage and that the intention to hurt the feelings of the relatives of the late Mr. Gokhale, which was an essential ingredient of the defamation of the dead had not been alleged.

Their Lordships allowed the appeal and set aside the conviction and sentence.

BREACH OF CONTRACT SUIT DISMISSED

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Blogdan)

Shantiprasad G Khandharia ... Plaintiff.
Vs.
Miss Brijrani Aretmal ... Defendant.

The plaintiff and the defendant produced a talkie picture called "Daughter of the Jungle" in partnership, but after it was completed, the defendant bought over the plaintiff's right in it. The plaintiff alleged that it was agreed that the name of the producers of the picture should be given as "Orient Pictures" and that the defendant had committed a breach of this agreement in obtaining certificates from the Bombay Board of Film Censors for two trailers of the film in the name of "Bharat Productions." He therefore filed this suit for an injunction and for Rs. 20,000 by way of damages for breach of contract.

His lordship held that the defendant had committed no breach of contract and dismissed the suit with costs.

"Swaraj is my birth-right and I will have it."

—TILAK.

The Bombay Chronicle

AMERICA AND INDIA

Mr. Wendell Willkie's new book, "One World", has created a sensation in the world and has most probably caused annoyance among the Imperialists of Britain. This is by no means surprising. From what has already appeared in the Press, it is clear that Mr. Willkie has forcefully given expression to sentiments that move a large part of humanity and he has, with equal faithfulness, represented the feelings and aspirations of the peoples of Asia and Africa. It is a truthful reporter's powerful indictment of imperialism and an urgent call to the United Nations or rather the United States to vindicate the professed object of the anti-Axis world war. The following passage from a message published in the "Hindu" shows how powerful is his indictment of imperialism: "The book decribes one evening in Alexandria when Mr. Willkie sat down to dinner with ten Britons, members of the naval, diplomatic and consular services, men who, Mr. Willkie says, were 'experienced and able administrators of the British Empire.' He tried to ascertain their view about the future of the colonial system. what I got was Kuiyaru Kipling unstained even with the liberalism of Cecil Rhodes..... These men, executing policies made in London, had no idea that the world is changing.....Most of them had read about the Atlantic Charter. That it might affect their careers or their thinking had never occurred to any of them. The conclusion he drew from this meeting, says Mr. Willkie, was 'Only new men and new ideas in the machinery of our relations with the peoples of the East can win victory, without which any peace will only be another armistice.' Nor is Mr. Willkie alone in denouncing imperialism. American public opinion—including significantly enough, men so far removed in political persuasion as Vice-President Wallace and the Conservative Republican, Alfred Landon—are clamantly demanding from the Press and the platform—the liquidation of the system under which one nation exploits and "milks" another. The Indian problem is particularly exercising the Americans who rightly regard India as the test of British and, indeed, United Nations' professions.

This has naturally worried and annoyed our British imperialists and their representatives, and has impelled them to secure a certificate of their *bona fides* from Mr. Sumner Welles. The letter of the American Under-Secretary of State is rather interesting. It may be that Liberalism does not justify "intervention" in another people's affairs. But that plea begs the main question: Is India an internal affair of Britain or a test of those professions which are a concern of the United Nations? And is it liberalism to push "non-intervention" to the limit of consenting to the perpetuation of imperialism? But Mr. Sumner Welles emphasizes Britain's solemn pledge to free India after the war. Perhaps he cannot, with diplomatic decency, discuss the problem of freedom during the war. But does he know how British imperialists interpret the condition of agreement among Indians? The offer is so worded that India can never have freedom because "agreement" as deliberately desired by the British is impossible of achivement in India as in any country in the world, not excluding Britain and the United States. Or was Mr. Sumner Welles really stressing in his own way upon the British the necessity of doing justice not only to India but also to the fundamental cause of the United Nations?

Why Give Them The Chance?

In his presidential address at the Jwalapur Hindu Sabha Conference held during the week-end Raja Maheshwar Dayal Seth said that the Viceroy's refusal to allow any personal contact with Gandhiji brought into bold relief Government's decision not to transfer power to India but to postpone as long as possible even an approach to reconciliation. This is now clear to Indians of any insight. Britain knows full well that when there is a National Government here she will no longer have things her own way. She prefers to maintain the Viceroy's autocracy at the Centre and the Governor's autocracy in as many provinces as possible, independent Ministers being dismissed or compelled to resign. Raja Maheshwar Dayal is naturally impressed by the anomaly that "while the war is said to be fought for the sake of democracy and liberty, we actually find in India that whatever little of democracy did exist has been taken away and most of the Indian provinces are run by British bureaucracy under foreign Governors who exercise unlimited and unrestricted powers." But that has always been way of imperialists. The wonder is that so many are still duped by their promises of democracy *as early as possible.*

The Raja Saheb thinks it depressing that the demand of the Nation, in which all sections and communities united, for the unconditional and immediate release of Mahatma Gandhi was curtly rejected. It is also depressing that the Hindu Mahasabha as a body, like the Muslim League, kept out of the movement to renew contact with Gandhiji and Congress leaders and thereby played into the hands of the Government. The Raja stated a plain truth when he remarked that "the present leadership of the Hindu Mahasabha had failed to arouse public enthusiasm and was serving merely as a recruiting agency of the Government." The Mahasabha, no less than the Muslim League, has also joined the Government in misrepresenting the policy and representative character of the Congress. If such misrepresentation is election tactics, they will not succeed long, if they succeed at all. Communalism has had and is having its day in India, thanks to the traditional ways of British imperialism. But with the waning of British influence, the end of communalism is not far off, despite its present desperate attempts to perpetuate itself.

The struggle in the minds of many between communalism and nationalism and the tendency for the latter to triumph is seen, among other things, in the life and utterances of Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq. Mr. Huq is not a stranger to communalism. He has played his part therein and, let us hope, he finds the game played out. He has in him a measure of nationalism and patriotism which sometimes refuses to be suppressed by lesser and sordid considerations. It is this spirit in him that inspired his stirring address to the Cultural Conference organised by the students of the Scottish Church College of Calcutta. "Nationalism", he said in that address, "is something which is greater than communalism, greater than sectarianism, greater than any other consideration you can conceive." Amidst loud cheers, indicative of the predominant feelings among students, he passionately urged them to see that "in the midst of our diversities there is one overpowering homogeneity, and that is loyalty to our country, devotion to our nation which constitutes the creed of the citizens of India." The Congress is the one political body which, more than any other, recognises and promotes that overpowering homogeneity, that loyalty to our country. Prof. Humayun Kabir sought to impress upon the minds of the students at the Conference that "in a dependent country there was only one objective for the students to achieve and that was the independence of the motherland." That is, indeed, the objective of all the children of the motherland. It is the subordination of this objective to lesser and sectional ones by our communalists that is being exploited by British imperialists.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Significant Move

The latest news from the Russia is rather significant. It has been known for some time that, while continuing their pressure on the Russian bridgeheads west of the Donetz, the Germans were massing troops and supplies for a big assault on the southern front. This assault is yet to come. But meanwhile they have attempted to strike in the north, too. So far all German blows have failed both in the north and in the south. But that is not so important as the fact that the developments suggest German preparations for an imminent offensive on a large and determined scale. However grievously they may have suffered during the winter offensive by the Russians the Germans have, in the absence of a second front, enough strength for a concentrated blow against the Russians. We are probably witnessing the beginnings of that blow.

Nazi Hopes

It appears that Hitler and his advisers believe that they have just enough time to deal with Russia before turning to meet the Allies elsewhere in Europe. The Russians are not going to be beaten or even crippled easily. But much of their success or failure will ultimately depend on the length of time for which the Germans are allowed to concentrate on them exclusively; in other words, on how long the Allies will take to liquidate Tunisia and on what interval will elapse between the conclusion of the Tunisian campaign and the launching of the Second Front. That is why the climax in that campaign is being watched with so much anxiety. This anxiety is all the more intensified by the success with which Rommel is bolting into the comparative security of the north-eastern defence "box." His escape hitherto has been rather depressing. Is it possible that, pushed into a narrow area, however well protected by hills and mountains, General Eisenhower's armies and air force will be able to blast him out before the end of the month? Let us hope they will.

Basis For Compromise?

It is not at all surprising to learn that the Indians in Natal have resolved to oppose the proposed anti-Indian legislation tooth and nail. The President of the Natal Indian Association warned his countrymen that if the principle of segregation by legislation were to be enforced, Indians would soon find themselves in ghettoes. It appears that some Indians are willing to occupy voluntarily decent sites outside the European areas if they are helped to do so. We do not like this sort of voluntary segregation. But perhaps it may be a workable compromise for the present.

Nailed To The Counter

Mr. Mehr Chand Khanna, one of the Indian representatives to the Pacific Relations Conference, has done a service by his statement at New York that, whatever differences may exist in India on other matters, "there is 100 per cent unanimity of opinion on the point of India's independence." Not less serviceable is his remark that the failure of the Cripps mission was due to the fact that it did not propose to transfer any real power to Indians. Such remarks by one who is a member of a body like the Pacific Relations Conference should go a long way in counteracting the campaign of misrepresentation carried on by the British Government to mislead the United States into the belief that the Cripps mission was a great offer but failed because of differences among Indians and that these differences alone stand in the way of any constitutional advance.

Belated Recognition

It is announced that the Indian Army Medical Corps will soon be so reorganised as to include graduates and licentiates as medical officers. This is a belated recognition of the claims of licentiates and it is to be hoped the new reforms will not be delayed. It is to be hoped, too, that there will be no discrimination between Indians and Europeans engaged in the same kind of work or holding the same or similar posts.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Commenting on the Budget proposals of the British Chancellor, Reuter's city correspondent writes: "In comparable terms the budget proposes total expenditure of £5,765,000,000 against last year's £5,286,000,000. The increase of £47,000,000 possibly partly reflects gradually rising costs rather than wholly expansion of war effort, but implies the latter is still expanding, though Britain already is almost fully mobilised."

* * *

The National War Front announces an elocution competition OPEN TO ALL SCHOOL STUDENTS to be held at the War Services Exhibition.

* * *

The Calcutta University entertained the Chinese Educational Mission to tea, Dr. Ku, the leader of the Mission presented the Federation of Indian Music with photographs of the Generalissimo and of the President of the National Government, Tai Chi Tao.

* * *

According to a London message, the number of workers being forcibly conscripted in France from labour to the Reich has now reached 10,000 a day, it is learned. Only difficulties of transport prevent this figure from being even higher.

Whereas so far only men have been deported, now young Frenchwomen will share the same fate. In the Paris region the Germans are making a census of all childless women between the ages of 18 and 25. These will be sent to Germany, it is officially announced by the German authorities, after a short training period in French factories.

Considerable unrest is brewing throughout the country in view not only of the alarmingly large deportations, but also of the brutal manner in which they are effected.

Whole blocks of houses in the major cities are daily being surrounded by German troops and Gestapo agents, who arrest all able-bodied men and ship them forthwith to Germany in sealed cars, without allowing them even to gather a few belongings or to say goodbye to their family. Workers are also taken in the streets on their way from factories.

* * *

The last of the Tunisian drama will not be an easy one says the "Daily Mail". "Rommel is a skilful fighter. He will fight desperately, for his orders are to delay the Allies at the last possible minute. Bizerta is one of world's great fortresses and it will not easily fall. But the end is not in doubt. Once Tunisia is released from Axis grip we shall come to the real business of 1943.

"The Times" says that Tunisia, so recently and impressively described by the Axis as both a bridgehead and a bulwark, has already become a death trap.

It adds, "The Italian Empire, except for its footing in Dodecanese has been conquered.

Troops which the Duce sent to join Hitler's armies in Russia have been crushed Italian ports and cities are under increasing air bombardment.

When Mussolini went to Berchtesgaden it was not, therefore, with demands which he has no longer the power to make but with a warning that if Italy is to be kept in war then some reinforcement of her crumbling resistance must somehow be provided.

* * *

Japan is visualised by the "Manchester Guardian" to-day as a nation in "Defenders' Dilemma"—with choice between abandoning valuable positions in South-West Pacific or holding them at heavy cost.

* * *

"A more Christ-like man I have not seen in my experience", said the Metropolitan speaking of the late C. F. Andrews at Shantiniketan.

LAST DAYS OF BEGUM AZAD

Begum Zuleikha Khatun, wife of Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, President of the Indian National Congress, passed away at six on Friday morning at her residence at Ballygunge Circular Road.

She had been in indifferent health for the last two years; but the setback had been rapid ever since the arrest of her husband exactly on the same date eight months ago. About a fortnight ago a sudden worsening was noticed in her condition as tuberculosis, her old malady, came to be attended with diarhoea. A bulletin, issued early this week, intimated that it was only a question of days for the end to come.

About midnight the crisis was perceptible; at three in the morning when her condition became very grave, oxygen was applied. The end came peacefully three hours later. Begum Azad was forty-five years of age She had no issue.

The last days of Begum Azad were of poignant sadness. As she lay dying, her thoughts at all hours of day and night were turned to her illustrious husband in detention hundreds of miles away. She besought everyone she met at her bedside—attendants, relatives and visitors—to let her bid adieu of the Maulana once and for all. She made the same piteous appeal to the Mahomedan Police Officer who was deputed to see her on Thursday evening, presumably, to ascertain if she were really ailing.

In the small hours of Friday morning she woke up from her restless stupor. "Has Maulana Sahib come"?, she asked in whisper. On being negatively replied to, she asked the maid in attendance to make over the pot of "Attar" she had preserved, to Maulana Azad when he returned so that he might use the unguent before the prayer. Calm and resigned, the Begum then took leave of the household and begged everyone of them to forgive her if she had given them any cause for offence.

Seconds merged into minutes and minutes lengthened into hours; Begum Azad realised her life was fast ebbing away. She tried to recite the "Kalma" but her fading memory failed. She, however, followed it as one of her attendants recited the sacred texts. The recitation over, she placed both her palms over her face and passed away in peace.—Amrita Bazar Patrika."

Federation Of Indian Chambers Of Commerce And Industry

SOME IMPRESSIONS OF LAST SESSION

(By An Observer)

The last session of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry which was its sixteenth was unique in many ways. Since Mahatma Gandhi opened the Federation session in 1931 after the Gandhi-Irwin Pact there has never been a larger attendance at a Federation session and on the opening day when several members of the Executive Council and other officials of the Government of India were present, the old Assembly Hall was filled to more than its capacity. The session had before it resolutions of such importance as have rarely come up before it at a single meeting dealing with questions like Lease-Lend, Post-War Reconstruction, Sterling Balances, Defence Expenditure, U. K. C. C. Food Supplies and Industrial Development. The Federation, in spite of all its defects in structure and working, has gained in strength and influence and can to-day claim to be the exponent of organised Indian commercial and industrial opinion. Starting with a membership of about 25 bodies, it has to-day over 75 member bodies spread out all over India, including several Indian States. It appears from the comments of the British financial press and reports from England and America that more than any previous session of the Federation, it has drawn world-wide attention, particularly because of the important place India occupies in the strategy of the United Nations and because of the several problems of importance discussed in the presidential speech and in the various Resolutions.

PRESIDENTIAL ADDRESS.

Mr. Mehta's presidential address was a balanced but powerful indictment of the Government of India's economic, financial, commercial and industrial policies which were all traced back to the absence of a representative or national Government. Two criticisms heard about it were that it was too political and a little too long; the latter could not be helped because of the large number of important issues and their far-reaching implications and consequences which had to be adequately dealt with while the political background was unavoidable under the present conditions in India. It was interesting to note that most of the speakers addressing the meeting on several resolutions referred to the observations on those subjects by the President which showed that Mr. Mehta had taken care to survey the whole situation in detail as well as in relation to national economy as a whole. The impression among the delegates was that it was a "forcible and comprehensive" speech while some of those present aptly described it as the most "comprehensive review" of the Indian situation that they had seen It was mentioned by Mr. T. T. Krishnamachari, M. L. A., speaking on the Post-War Reconstruction resolution, that the President had given a lead in regard to the wider sociological question involved in economic development and reconstruction and some friendly critics who were present remarked that it was for the first time that the under-dog and the 'have-not' were mentioned in the Federation. The theme of social justice and social security for the common man with which the President concluded his speech and his appeal to the Indian commercial interests to identify themselves with the wider interests of the country and not to act as custodians of vested interests or "status quo" attracted considerable attention in New Delhi and was widely appreciated. From the congratulations the President received after his speech from several Government members before they left as well as from a large number of the guests present including the Chinese and American representatives and members of the Assembly it appeared that the speech was well appreciated by the meeting.

The practice introduced last year of throwing open the discussion of the report for raising any subject of importance to the commercial community was followed this year when Mr. S. P. Jain offered to donate Rs. 10,000 to the Federation for doing research work regarding Post-War Reconstruction. Sir Shri Ram's gift of Rs. 1,00,000 for the Federation Hall was highly appreciated and it was felt that the construction of such a hall would do away with the need of going to the old Assembly Hall for the annual session.

INTERESTING AND USEFUL SESSION.

The Federation has not many striking or interesting speakers but of them Sir Purshotamdas is easily the best. His brief, dignified and effective reply to Major-General Wood on the food situation wherein he emphasised the need of adequate distribution and quality of food stuffs and stressed the importance of a popular representative to be in charge of the Food Department so as to know the people's needs and meet their requirements, created a great impression as did his speech on the commercial safeguards. Sir Purshotamdas has long and intimate relations with the British business community and the fact that he moved this resolution shows not only the intensity of his feeling but the courage of his convictions in taking up a righteous national cause. Mr. A. P. Shroff, who is another good speaker and is attentively heard, expounded the case for Lease-Lend with full facts and figures. Sir A. H. Ghuznavi's speeches evoked considerable interest and his remarks on the food question, his speech on U. K. C. C. as well as on commercial safeguards, were all loudly applauded. His crushing retort to Mr. N. C. Mehta, Sugar Controller of the Government of India, in regard to the operations of U. K. C. C. about export of sugar was a performance which delighted the audience and was a result of Sir Ghuznavi's long experience in the Legislative Assembly. Sir Shri Ram who always participates in the Federation's deliberations, expounded in his characteristic manner the case of internal economic development at some length. Unfortunately on some of the resolutions there were too many speakers and some prominent people intervened during the discussions with the result that some of the speakers who would have been otherwise better heard were not able to get a full chance. In future, the President may well lay down a time limit particularly for manuscript speeches of which there were too many this time. The President was also a little impatient towards the end of the second day in order to finish off the deliberations by the appointed time. Sincere and glowing tributes were paid to the services Mr. Mehta to the Federation during his term of office by as many as ten speakers including Kumara Raja Sir Muthia Chettiar, the incoming President, Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas, Mr. G. D. Birla, Sir Shri Ram, Sir Chunilal B. Mehta, Sir Rahimtoola Chinoy, Sir A. H. Ghuznavi and others. An interesting and useful session thus concluded. The importance of the subjects discussed at the session, the broad based nationalism imparted by the President to the discussion and the enthusiasm displayed by the delegates augurs well for this central organisation of Indian trade, commerce and industry.

Five Accused Discharged In Bhagalpur Sabotage Case

BIG JAIL DELIVERY OF DETENUS IN BENGAL

BHAGALPUR, April 13.

The Special Sessions Judge, Bhagalpur, delivered judgment in the Latipur railway station case in which Satyadeo Rai and five others were standing their trial under Sec. 395 of the Indian Penal Code. It was alleged that during the disturbances at the above railway station on August 14 last, rails were removed and railway wagons were burnt and looted.

Satyadeo Rai was sentenced to 6 years' R. I. and to pay a fine of Rs. 250 or in default to undergo one year's further R. I. The other five accused were discharged.

JUDGMENT IN MADHIPURA GUN FIRING CASE

Judgment was delivered yesterday in the Gamharia Gun Firing case of Madhipura in which about 15 persons were standing their trial under various sections of the Indian Penal Code. Shivendra Narayan Singh was setenced to one day's R. I. and to pay a fine of Rs. 1,000 or in default to undergo six months' R. I. Ratendra Narayan Singh was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 500 or in default to suffer three months' R. I. The remaining 13 accused were sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 100 each, or in default to undergo six months' R. I. each.

COMMUNIST ARRESTED

SURAT, April 13.—A report received here from Rajkot says that Mr. Vajubhai Shukla, a Communist worker, was arrested under the Defence of India Rules in the jurisdiction of the Kathiawar State Agency. It is stated that the arrest is in connection with the address he delivered on April 6 on the occasion of the National Week.

SURAT: Mr. Champaklal Jethalal Shah, a lawyer of Nadiad, who was prosecuted under D.I.R. and under Sec. 352 I.P.C. has been acquitted.—

KRISHNAGAR, April 13.—Asim Kumar Sen Gupta, a student worker of Krishnagar, who was arrested for leading an unauthorised procession in September last, was released from Krishnagar Jail after serving his full term of imprisonment.

DINAJPUR, April 13.—Kabiraj and six others who were placed before the Special Magistrate to stand their trial in the Moradanga Police assault case, were acquitted. The remaining 21 persons were sentenced to terms of imprisonment varying from one to four years under the Indian Penal Code and the Defence of India Rules.

108 DETENUS RELEASED

CALCUTTA: "In pursuance of their policy Government have, since April 1, issued orders for the release of 108 Security Prisoners detained for complicity with the recent lawlessness and disorder consequent upon the passing of the All-India Congress Committee resolution on August 8 and the arrest of Congress leaders thereafter", states a Bengal Government Press Note.

Walks Into Court And Surrenders

KARACHI:—Some sensation was caused in the Additional District Magistrate's Court on Tuesday when Prem Hiranandani, an employee of a firm in Lahore, who was wanted in "Panjrapore Bomb Factory Case", walked into the Court and surrendered to the Magistrate. The Magistrate remarked: "You have given us a lot of trouble." The Magistrate thereupon adjourned the case, which is to be tried 'de novo' from Thursday next. With the surrender of Prem Hiranandani, all the 12 accused are now under arrest.

RETRIAL ORDERED

Judgment was delivered this afternoon in the case in which Dr Ramchand and Mr. Hundraj figured as accused under the Defence of India Rules, Explosive Substances Act and the Arms Act. It was alleged that the Police secured from their residence one revolver, three live bombs and a large number of cartridges. The Jury returned a verdict by seven to two of not guilty against Dr. Ramchand and by four to five, of guilty against Mr. Hundraj, whose guest Dr. Ramchand was at the time of search.

Mr. Justice Tyabji disagreed with the Jury and ordered retrial.

3 MADRAS PLEADERS LOSE SANADS

MADRAS, April 13.

Finding them guilty of professional misconduct the Chief Justice and two other Judges of the Madras High Court ordered the cancellation of the 'sanads' of three pleaders under the Legal Practitioners Act.

All the three pleaders had been convicted under the Defence of India Rules and sentenced to varying terms of imprisonment on charges of committing prejudicial acts.—A. P.

Curfew Withdrawn In Martial Law Area

KARACHI, April 13.

A notification issued to-day by the Chief Administrator of Martial Law in Upper Sind, Major-General Richardson, announces the withdrawal of Curfew Orders and some other restrictions in certain portions of the Martial Law area and the conditions with drawal of restrictions in other areas.

The order removes with effect from April 15, the existing restrictions on movement by night in all parts of Sukkur District, Khairpur State and all parts of the talukas of Kandiaro, Naushahro and Moro which lie in the martial law area with the exception of a belt of land extending from the main Karachi-Lahore Railway line running through these areas to a distance of one mile on either side of the track.

COMMUNISTS ARRESTED

CAWNPORE:—Three Communist leaders, S. G. Sardesai, Assistant Secretary of the Communist Party of India, S. S. Yusuf, President of the Cawnpore Mazdoor Sabha and S. C. Kapur, Secretary of the Cawnpore Mazdoor Sabha, were arrested to-day for prejudicial acts, under Rule 129 of D.I.R.

PRESS OWNER RE-ARRESTED

SURAT: Maganlal Vanmalidas, proprietor of the Deshimitra Press, Surat, was rearrested on Tuesday under Rule 129 of D.I.R. Mr. Maganlal was arrested under the Press Act a few weeks ago but was discharged last Saturday.—A. P.

4 MONTHS FOR POSSESSING LEAFLETS

KOLHAPUR, April 10.

Gajanan Anna Bhsari was sentenced to four months R. I. and to pay a fine of Rs 50 or in default to undergo two months' further imprisonment under the Defence of India Rules, for having in his possession some alleged objectionable leaflets.—

SPECIAL CRIMINAL COURT FOR KOLHAPUR

KOLHAPUR, April 10.—It is announced that a Special Criminal Court has been set up in the State under the Special Criminal Courts Ordinance of 1942.

Mr. R. M. Bhise, a Sessions Judge in the Province of Bombay, has been appointed the Special Judge for the State.

QUIET ORDER ON KHADI WORKER

(From A Correspondent)

ALWAR, (By Mail)

An externment order had been served on Sjt. Sachchidanand, manager, Khadi Ashram, Dausa (Jaipur), formerly 'Khadi Asharma', Raj Garh (Alwar). The order signed by the Chief Minister, asks Sachchidananda to remove himself from the Alwar State by leaving Rajgarh by the first train after service of this order.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

"Wise men vitally concerned both with the welfare of the people of India and with the defeat of our enemies may differ as to the possibility of fighting a war and solving India's historic problems at the same time. But to make active intervention in the Indian situation a test of liberalism as some have done presupposes the definition of liberalism, which, I must confess, is beyond my comprehension."

—Mr. Sumner Welles, U. S. Under-Secretary of State.

* * *

The Bombay Police has banned the meeting organised by the Communist Party to celebrate "Release Congress Leaders Day."

People's War—or war on the people?

* * *

The Standing Committee of the Chamber of Princes is meeting in Delhi.

The agenda includes a discussion of the repurcussions of the war situation—e.g., the difficulty of proceeding overseas for princely holidays in Monte Carlo and other bright spots on the Riviera, the difficulty of importing from France sufficient supplies of certain necessary ingredients of the princely diet, the growing infrequency of Viceregal visits, the difficulty of arranging special trains, the question of revision of the scale for gun salutes in view of numerous guns booming all over the world in salute to Hitler, and similar kindred subjects!

* * *

President Ineunu has been re-elected for the third time as the head of the Turkish Republic.

Merely following in the footsteps of the Muslim League Qaid-e-Azam to justify the title of "Jinnah of Turkey" bestowed upon him by Leaguers.

* * *

The Government of India is requisitioning a large number of air-conditioning sets.

Making it literally hot for the leisured classes?

* * *

A.R.P. restrictions have been removed from certain Sind towns.

In Bombay, however, the forces of darkness still hold sway.

* * *

A "Society" paper refers to "Mr. Jamnadas, son of Sir Homi Mehta."

Apologies due to all the three parties concerned.

* * *

"In spite of the White Paper and speeches by Mr. Amery and others, I believe that the Congress has nothing to do with the sabotage and other crimes that are going on," observed Mr. Alla Pitchai, Secretary of the Madras Presidency Muslim League, addressing a meeting of students.

He added that in fairness it must be said that Gandhiji had nothing to do with the disturbances. Having practised non-violence all the time, the speaker said, Gandhiji could not have suddenly acquiesced in violence.

Et tu, Brute! Mr. Amery may well explain.

And won't such "irresponsible" statements land the League Secretary into trouble nearer home?

* * *

A young woman, newly engaged, took her fiance to be "inspected" by a fearsome aunt who had the uncomfortable habit of saying exactly what she thought.

As the young couple were leaving, the aunt said to her niece, "My dear, I'd rather have him for lunch than for life!"

Our Readers' Views

Whither India?

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—In India to-day the topic, the public interest in which is equal to (if not greater than) the war news, is the question whether we will have Akhistan or Pakistan—a single India, or a divided India. This academic debate would be comic were it not so tragic. Herein is poignantly exemplified the peasant proverb which refers to the quarrel at home about the division of milk, cream and butter, when the cow is grazing in the fields.

Most people seem to think that the only two alternatives to the continuation of the foreign domination are either a homogeneous nation or a bisected India. But there is a fourth possibility, and this will have to be developed and actualized if India is to take her rightful place amongst the free nations of the world. It is so to devise the constitution of the country as will permit the maximum latitude to the provinces—virtually granting Pakistan to the Muslim majority provinces in their domestic affairs—while retaining at the centre a unitarian policy concerning matters of countrywide importance like defence, currency, customs, etc.

Planning politics this way, we would be following not only reason, but our structure would be based on the laws of nature, where an organism allows independent and separate function or activity to its organs and limbs, while imposing unified and centrally originating action where the well-being of the whole is concerned. The present, therefore, is the time to direct the heart and the brain of the country towards the moulding of public opinion to this end, whereby the goal of India will be reached, and her dignity and peace maintained, and prosperity assured.—Yours, etc.,

N. C. VAKIL,
B.A., LL.B., Bar-at-Law.

Aden Villa,
Peddar Road, Bombay.

Ration Cards

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—In connection with the arrangement for supply of ration cards, the following difficulties require to be noted:

Most of the factory workers generally work at one place and stay at some distance from the factory. Naturally they take their food at different places, or some take their food in a hotel near their factory, in the morning while they prepare their own evening meals at home. How are these workers to arrange for their daily food?

Take another case. Suppose a worker has three brothers, all of them staying together. They may be working at different places while they have only one ration card for them. They can neither take their meals together as the circumstances do not permit, nor can they take their food separately because of only one card. The question is whether they can have separate cards for the three.

The suburbs have no rationing, but many persons come for their work in the city and have to arrange for their morning meals there. What arrangement will be made for these? Will they get some sort of pass?

Will the Rationing Officer reply to the above questions?—Yours, etc.,

E. D. JAMBHEKAR.

Sun-Dial At Hanging Garden

Our Hanging Garden has a fine sun-dial which arouses the interest of the visitors. Unfortunately there are no instructions given how to recognise time by that clock with a quick method. Many feel like I, that there should be some instructions given to recognise the time by the above sun-clock so that visitors may enjoy a good deal. Will the authorities concerned pay attention to this?

VIRENDRA D. ADHIYA.

High Price Of Milk

Editorials have appeared in the papers as well as so many articles regarding the increase in the cost of living and the high prices the black market is charging for almost all commodities. We find price list boards outside most of the shops, and advertisements by the producer companies regarding the cost of articles which are supposed to be sold to us by the traders. But if you ask a dealer for any of the commodities for which he proudly displays the board he simply tells you that "we have not that thing with us, but I can get you if you particularly require them at such and such rate." On the top of this we are continuously informed by the Government authorities about the cost of articles through the columns of newspapers. All these paraphernalia do not help the housewife who has to make both ends meet. Her husband gets an increase of pay hardly about 15 to 25 per cent of the pre-war days and when the Government themselves admit in their Index figures the rates are 205 in February 1943 compared with the 100 of 1939! What a mercy!

Statistics are the Secret weapons' of the financiers, politicians and others to serve their own purposes. Did not some one prove that Congress represents nil or nearly nil Indian population, being a Hindu organization minus the scheduled castes, the states the Brahmins and the non-Brahmins! But of all the statistics the Index figure is the greatest joke. There are no articles which we get in the bazar at double pre-war prices.

Milk, which is the one indispensable thing for the children 'also ran' and raised the price from four annas to six annas a seer only some time back. But to crown all now the milkman comes and says that the rate has been increased from 6 annas to 10 annas and that also with retrospective effect—from the 1st of this month. He raises his hand and says that his "Association" has increased the rate and given the "Hukum" and you may have it or leave it as you like. The other things affect the grown ups and they may be able to tighten the belts still further, but this affects the welfare of the children—the future citizens and the likely "cannon-fodders of our nation."

I appeal to the authorities to do some thing in this matter and the appeal especially goes to the City Fathers. Already we were getting water, plenty of water and some milk, now we are faced with less quantity of this same mixture.

MRS. J. F. N. PANIKKER
Saraswat Colony,
Santa Cruz.

City And Suburbs

TO-DAY

Hindu: Chaitra Shud 9, 1999
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Akhar 8, 1362
Parsi: Avan 12, 1312
Sunrise: 7-23 a.m. Sunset: 7-54 p.m.
Hightide: 6-49, 20-10. Lowtide: 1-50, 13-02.

DAY'S ENGAGEMENTS

TAGORE JAYANTI CELEBRATIONS will be held at the Framji Cowasji Institute Hall, Dhobi Talao, to-day at 6-15 p.m. under the auspices of the Youth's Cultural Centre. Lady Rama Rao will preside.

SOUTH INDIAN BHAJANA SAMAJ: Sri Rama Navami festival, Harikatha Kalakshepam on "Vibhishana Saranagati" by Vadiraja Bhagavathar of Kumbakonam at 9 p.m. to-day.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Short talk on "What Reincarnates?" followed by questions and answers, Jehangir Wadia Building, Flora Fountain, to-day at 6-15 p.m.

PROGRESSIVE GROUP: Sir Francis Low, Editor, "Times of India" will speak on "The Turning Tide of War", to-day at Green's.

GOLDEN JUBILEE of Mr. V. R. Mehta, will be celebrated at National Theatre Academy Hall, Mantri Building, French Bridge at 6-30 p.m.

DASTUR BODE will deliver a lecture on "Zoroastrianism and its Prestine Pure Tenets" to-day at 6-15 p.m. at Mazdaznan Hall, Industrial Assurance Building, opposite Churchgate Station.

"INTELLIGENCE TESTER":—Miss Vatsala Mundkur will read a paper on "Intelligence Testing" to-day at 6-30 p.m. at A/4, Saraswat Co-operative Buildings, Gamdevi.

ASTHIKA SAMAJ: Asthika Samaj, King's Circle, Matunga, (G.I.P.), Rama Jananolsavam between 9 a.m. to 12 noon, Mangal Kumkum for Ladies between 3 p.m. to 5 p.m., Bhajan and Divayanama Sangeerthanam between 8 p.m. to 10 p.m., and Musical Entertainment by Dr. G. S. Pattanger, Radio Star, with suitable accompaniments between 10 p.m. to 12 p.m. in the Samaj Hall, to-day.

SOCIAL WORKERS' SOCIETY: The annual general meeting of the Society was held on Saturday at Blavatsky Lodge, when the following Managing Committee for the year 1943 was elected: Mr. B. J. Wadia, President; Miss K. Khandwalla and Mr. Cumruddin G. Vakil, Vice-Presidents; Mr. R. R. Patel, Hon. Treasurer; Miss P. N. Nariman and Mr. Ormsby Mollier, Jt. Hon. Secretaries; Mr. A. E. Syed, Mr. Homi J. H. Taleyarkhan, Miss Merbanoo M. Visram and Mr. Adam Adil, Members.

AMBEDKAR'S BIRTHDAY: A public meeting under the presidentship of Mr. G. M. Jadhav, at 6 p.m. (New S.T.) to celebrate the 51st birthday of the Hon. Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, Labour Member, Government of India, at Bhoiwada Recreation Ground, opposite Bhotwada Police Station, Naigaum. Sir Chimanlal Setalvad, will address the meeting.

DENABANK MATHERAN SUB-OFFICE: Devkaran Nanjee Banking Co. Ltd., will reopen their Matheran Sub-Office at Matheran on and from 15th April to transact business upto the end of the summer season, i.e., Saturday, June 5.

Liberals' Session In Bombay

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Owing to unavoidable circumstances, the twenty-fourth session of the National Liberal Federation of India will be held either during the last week of June or early in July instead of during the Easter holidays. The Reception Committee of which Sir Cowasji Jehangir is the Chairman, is making every effort to make the session a success.

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Congress Municipal Party's Decision

We understand that the Congress Municipal Party at a meeting recently held passed a resolution to attend the meetings of the Municipal Corporation as well as the Statutory meetings in future. This decision was arrived at as some of the councillors of the Congress Party felt that by absenting themselves from the meetings they could not serve the public which they had pledged to do during the municipal elections.

National War Front Elocution Competitions

An elocution competition open to all school students will be held under the auspices of the National War Front at the War Services Exhibition, Esplanade Maidan, on 28th and 29th April 1943 between 6-30 and 8-30 p.m. School students (both boys and girls) may speak on one of the three subjects mentioned under. Prizes of Rs. 100, Rs. 60, Rs. 30 and Rs. 20 will be awarded in order of merit. These are minimum prizes but may be substantially increased. There is no entry fee but intending candidates should register their names before 24th April, 1943 with the Director, National War Front, Bharat Bhuvan, 468, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

Subjects: (1) Sportsmanship. (2) What I should like to be. (3) The most exciting or the most embarrassing moment of my life

Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The fourth annual general meeting of the members of the Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan was held at the residence of Mr. K. M. Munshi, Founder-President of the Bhavan. Mr. Munshi, paid a tribute to the work of Dr. A. D. Pusalker, and announced his appointment as Assistant Director of the Bhavan and to Shri Jinavijayaji Muni, the veteran Indologist and general editor of the Singhi Series, especially in connection with the work undertaken by him at the manuscript Bhandar at Jaselmer, which was till now closed to the public.

The annual report which was read out by the Director, Dr. Manilal Patel, and the Audited Statements of Accounts were unanimously accepted. Mr. K. M. Munshi and the Hon. Mr. Justice Divatia were unanimously elected respectively President and Vice-President, Shri Vasantram Jamietram Vakil and Shri Chatrabhuj Gordhandas as Hony. Treasurers and Shri Tricumdas Dwarkadas and Shri Prabhashanker R. Bhatt as Hony. Secretaries.

Applications For Ration Cards

Many applications have been received from persons claiming ration cards because they were left out in the original enumeration. These applications are being dealt with and ration cards issued whenever necessary. Any such applicants who have changed their addresses since the date of application are requested to communicate the new address to the Office of the Controller of Rationing.

People who have not yet applied are requested to do so immediately at their respective Ward Offices. No such applications will be entertained after April 17, except in the case of those freshly arrived in Bombay.

EXEMPTION FROM LEARNING HINDUSTANI.

The Government of Bombay has directed that secondary schools, in such the medium of instruction is other than Urdu or Hindi, but which provide for the teaching of Urdu or Hindi as a regional language, should be permitted to exempt from learning Hindustani those students who, though studying through the medium of another language, take up the study of either or Hindi as a regional language.

HYDRAULIC ENGINEER'S MAXIMUM SALARY.

The City of Bombay Municipal (Second Amendment) Act of 1943, having received the assent of His Excellency the Governor of Bombay, is published in the "Bombay Government Gazette". By an amending Act of 1938, the maximum salary of the Municipal Hydraulic Engineer was reduced from Rs. 1,800 to Rs. 1,500 a month. The present holder of the post was then on the old grade of salary and had reached the maximum of Rs. 1,800. The Corporation desires to renew his appointment but, by the Amending Act, the maximum which he may be paid is Rs. 1,500 a month. It is, provided by the new Act that the present incumbent, upon reappointment, should be allowed to continue to draw his present salary of Rs. 1,800 a month.

WOMEN'S FLAG DAY PROCEEDS FOR BIJAPUR FUND

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Women's Flag Day Committee under the Chairmanship of Lady Rama Rao is now busy assessing the collections made on Monday for the Bijapur Famine Relief Fund.

Five hundred boxes were sent out and a large number of volunteers set out to sell the flags in the city and the suburbs. About 250 boxes were opened on Tuesday and it is found that over Rs. 12,000 has been realised. The other boxes will be opened to-day (Wednesday).

Donations to supplement the proceeds of the flag day have already been estimated at Rs. 35,000 and it appears that more promises have been made.

ALL-INDIA URDU MUSHAIRA:—It has been decided to hold an All-India Urdu Mushaira on the night of the 17th instant at Kesar Bagh, Dongri, under the presidentship of Mr. Muhammad Tahir, J.P., M.B.E. Prominent from amongst those who have accepted the invitation are Hafiz Jalindhari, Jigar Muradabadi, Ehsan bin Danish, Simab Akbarabadi, Akhtar Sharani, Majaz Lacknavi, Suha, Shaki Bhopali, Azm Banarsi, Hayat Amrohvi, Malik Marahravi, Mahir-ul-Qadri and others. Jigar is probably coming to Bombay on Wednesday (to-day) and will be putting up with the President at Bandra. Others will be reaching either on Friday or Saturday. The Mushaira will commence exactly at 9-30 p.m. and will be opened with an ode (Ghazal) by Jigar. Admission will be by tickets of Re. 1, Rs. 2, Rs. 3, Rs. 5 and Rs. 10. Special arrangement exists for purdah ladies. Their admission will also be by tickets of Re. 1 and Rs. 3 only. Tickets are available at different places in the city like the Taj Company, Haidari Dawakhana, etc., and also from various persons who are selling them. It is expected that this gathering of poets will be unique in the history of Bombay and will be largely attended by lovers of Urdu. Local poets have also been invited to recite their ghazals at the Mushaira. Loud-speakers will be installed.

Sir V. T. Krishnamachari's Public Gifts

SURAT, April 13.

A sum of Rs. 120,000 was presented to Sir V. T. Krishnamacharjar, Dewan of Baroda, yesterday by some of his friends on the occasion of his completion of forty years of public life, says a Baroda message.

Sir V. T. Krishnamacharlar has expressed his desire to utilise Rs. 60,000 of this sum for a building for the Maharani Chimnabai Maternity Home and Children's Welfare League. The remaining sum will be given to the Shri Padmavatidevi Tuberculosis Sanatorium, Baroda.—A. P.

LUCKNOW, April 11: Moulana Abdul Qayum, formerly President of the All-India Majlis Ahrar and still an active Ahrar worker has joined the Muslim League.—Orient Press.

Stop Breach Of Capetown Pact

India Govt. Should Demand R. T. C. Against South African Pegging Bill

NEW DELHI, April 13.

In a last minute appeal cabled to Swamy Bhawani Dayal Sannyasi, the Natal Indian Congress delegation, which is now in Capetown watching the progress of the pegging bill, urges a deputation to the Viceroy and country-wide protest meetings to focus attention on the critical situation which violates and repudiates the Capetown Agreement, the Atlantic Charter, the war aims of the Allies and the hopes of a new age.

PLEA FOR R. T. C.

The cable further urges the Government of India to press for a Round Table Conference and request the Union Government to follow the precedent set up in the case of the Areas Reservation Bill of 1925, by postponing consideration of the pegging bill. The cable adds that the Minister of the Interior Mr. Lawrence, who is in charge of the pegging bill, should be requested to make a statement similar to that made by Dr. Malan sixteen years ago to the effect that any legislation enacted after the suggested Round Table Conference shall have retrospective effect, and that the Union Government must appoint a Commission to inquire into the facts of the Indian housing needs in Durban with a view to remedying them in terms of the Uplift Clause of the Capetown Agreement.

The delegation gives facts in support of its case that that such of the acquisitions made by Indians are for investment purposes in a large number of cases, while the pegging bill aims at the creation of "locations for Indian expansion, features which are similar to those of Dr. Malan's Areas Reservation Bill of 1925, which sought to stultify Indian progress and ultimately reduce them to a position of helotry"

IN KEEPING WITH CAPETOWN PACT.

The cable says that in what have been described by the First Broome Commission as "A" areas, which were or about to become predominantly Indian occupation areas, 166 acquisitions were made by Indians since October, 1940, till the time of the appointment of the Second Broome Commission, in "C" areas, which are described as predominantly European areas, there were 152 acquisitions, and in the "B" areas, or areas next to "A" areas, 38 acquisitions since October, 1940. As for ocupation by Indians of properties thus acquired there are only 54 out of 106 in "A" areas, and only 37 in "B" and "C" areas out of a total of 220.

It is emphasised that these occupations are by Indians who have complied with the "Western Standards Of Life" Clause of the Capetown Agreement.

Swamy Bhawani Dayal Sannyasi appeals to the public and the authorities of this country to make every effort to prevent the threat to Indian interests in South Africa.—A. P.

MAHARAJ SINGH'S CABLE TO SMUTS

NEW DELHI, April 13.

In a cable sent to Field Marshal Smuts on Sunday, the Rt. Hon. Srinivasa Sastri, Sir Maharaj Singh and Sir Raza Ali, former Agents-General in South Africa, says:—

"Amidst the world conflagration, Indian expects you as the senior-most British Commonwealth statesman to drop the pending bill, as Natal's Indian problem is fundamentally different from Transvaal's. The interim Act of 1939 does not justify extension to Natal.

"While appreciating your parliamentary difficulties, we are bound to say that the Bill if passed would shatter the faith of those Indians, who still advocate India remaining within the British Commonwealth.

"As South Africa's friends, we earnestly suggest a conference after the war without prejudicing the issue by passing the present Bill, since no Union Government would be able to resist the demand for putting it on a permanent basis."—A. P.

WARDHA ACCUSED REFUSED LEAVE FOR APPEAL TO FEDERAL COURT

Pre-censorship Imposed On Nagpur Weekly: Proclaimed Congressman Arrested In Bihar

NAGPUR, April 13.

The Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Puranik of the Nagpur High Court rejected the application by three persons from Wardha District for leave under Section 205 of the Government of India Act, to appeal to the Federal Court against an earlier order of the Judges dismissing an application challenging the validity of the Special Criminal Courts Ordinance.

PRECENSORSHIP ON WEEKLY

The Provincial Government have served the editor, printer and publisher of the "Bhavitavya", a local Marathi weekly, with an order requiring the paper to submit for a period of three months for previous scrutiny, all matters intended for publication in that paper, except news gathered from official sources and news from the three News Agencies.-

MUNICIPALITY MOURNS BEGUM AZAD'S DEATH

The Nagpur Municipality adjourned yesterday, after passing a resolution of condolence on the death of Begum Azad.-

CONGRESSMEN ARRESTED

BHAGALPUR: Baski Rai of Tarapur for whose arrest a reward of Rs. 2,000 had been announced, has been arrested. Jaldhar Prasad Singh and Thakur Prasad Singh have also been arrested.—

TEZPUR: Five volunteers who distributed alleged objectionable handbills shouting slogans in the Court compound, were arrested.—United Press.

Mrs. Violet Alva Discharged

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Mrs. Violet Alva who was arrested by the police while she was alleged to be displaying a Congress flag in connection with the Ladies Day of the National Week on Saturday evening at Chowpatty was discharged by Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate of the Mazagaon Police Court, today.

The Magistrate observed that no offence was disclosed within the meaning of the Rule 56 (4) read with Rule 121 of the D.I.R. and the Notification S. D. V. 102 of August 9, 1942.

The Police Prosecutor stated Mrs. Alva had committed a prejudicial act which was covered by Defence of India Act. The Magistrate stated that there was no offence as hundreds of houses in Bombay displayed the National Flag.

COURT DECLINES

After she was discharged Mrs. Alva demanded that the National Flag be restored to her. The court declined to give it to her on the ground that she had refused to participate in the proceedings.

COLLECTIVE FINES

A collective fine of Rs. 1,500 has been imposed on the villages of Hanbigone and Kalbag, in the Kumta taluka of Kanara District. Muslims, Christians, Scheduled Classes, ex-soldiers and the families of serving soldiers, Government servants and all those who helped the Police in their investigations are exempt from payment of the fine.

VOLUNTEERS SENTENCED

KARACHI:—Three Congress volunteers were sentenced to 4 months' R.I. each by the City Magistrate of Shikarpur on a charge of having taken out a procession during the National Week.

Lathi Charge And Arrests

AHMEDABAD, April 13.

A lathi charge was made and six persons were arrested to-day when stones were placed on Gandhi Road to obstruct traffic. The leader of a procession which was subsequently taken out was arrested and the procession dispersed.—A. P.

STRIPES FOR SABOTAGE

BEZWADA, April 13.

Two of the fifteen accused persons in the Railway and Telegraph Sabotage Case were sentenced to receive ten stripes each by the Special Magistrate, says a message from Gudivada. Eleven others were sentenced to various terms of imprisonment. Two others who turned approvers are pardoned by the District Magistrate.—A.P.

NATIONAL WEEK ARRESTS AT KHAR.

(From Our Correspondent).

VILE PARLE, April 13.

On Monday evening a big procession consisting of all communities from Khar was taken out and moved about the Suburban town for over half an hour when the Bandra Police arrived on the spot and arrested Miss Aruna Pandit, Mr. Jayendra Desai and Mr. Dalsinger Jayshrisingh for taking a leading part in the procession.

KARACHI, April 12: In view of improvement in the war situation and consequent diminution of the threat of hostile air attack, lighting restrictions have been removed from the towns of Hyderabad, Kotri, Sukkur, Rohri, Tando Adam and Jacobabad.

Mr. Kalinath Roy, Editor, 'Tribune', Retiring

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

April 12.

Mr. Kalinath Roy, Editor of the 'Tribune' who has not been keeping good health for the last few years will retire in the third week of this month. He is leaving the Punjab after about 25 years' stay. Mr. Roy was born in 1873 in Jessore in Bengal. He joined the 'Bengali' as a Sub-Editor in 1900. He acted as editor of the paper during Sir Surendranath Banerjee's absence in England. In 1915 he came to the Punjab and worked as Editor of the 'Punjabee' for two years. Later on he joined the 'Tribune' in 1917. In 1919 during Martial Law days he was prosecuted for an article "Blazing Indiscretion" which he wrote in the 'Tribune' and was sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment which was subsequently reduced to three months. In jail Mr. Roy was given a 'chhaki' to grind. While doing so he fell unconscious. According to the present programme Mr Roy leaves Lahore on the 20th April.

It is learnt that soon after the new Premier of the Punjab assumed office he invited Mr. P. L. Sondhi, Manager of the "Tribune" and Mr. F. W. Bustin, Editor of the 'Civil and Military Gazette', to know the real difficulties of the Press in the Puniab. It is further learnt that the Premier suggested to them that a memorandum containing the facts might be sent to him which was accordingly submitted over their signatures on the 26th January, 1943

In the memorandum they have stated that there is censorship of the already censored messages in the telegraph office at Lahore with the result that some items of the news are printed in newspapers published outside the Punjab and are suppressed in this province. There are some items of news that are broadcast even by All India Radio and are yet suppressed in the Punjab Press which, according to the Punjab Government, is under no precensorship order. Is it or is it not a fact that the publication of the news items regarding the 'mass movement' and action taken against it, whether supplied by the authorised news agencies or registered correspondents, is prohibited in the Punjab?

The Premier has not sent any reply so far nor has the correctness of the facts been denied.

FINANCING POST-WAR RECONSTRUCTION

LONDON, April 12.

It is believed that several Allied Governments are urging the Washington Conference should consider the question of financing post-war relief and reconstruction as well as currency plans. Both the British and United States Treasuries agree that such financing requires separate machinery because it would hopelessly overload the Keynes's or U. S. Treasury's machinery for clearing or handling current trade balances, says Reuter's City Correspondent

Repayment of hot money held in the United States and other American countries also requires separate machinery: If European countries were able to recall their hot money rapidly after the war and if the money had to pass through the proposed currency schemes, the United States might be the first country to reach its overdraft limit!

Further more both the British and U. S. plans postulate an International Investment Board to handle long-term financing—again separate from the currency scheme.

Contrary to earlier reports, however, it is believed, the British authorities have prepared no plan on this since capital resources for reconstruction and development must initially mostly come from the United States and hence planning of international machinery for distribution of long-term capital is a matter for Washington, not London.

STANDING LABOUR COMMITTEE

NEW DELHI, April 13.

Various schemes to secure the welfare and efficiency of labour in wartime will come up for consideration before the Standing Labour Committee at their next meeting which will be held in Bombay on May 7-8, 1943.—A. P.

Turkish Journalists's Impressions

The following comment by Mr. Necmeddin Sadak, one of the members of the Turkish Press Delegation which recently toured India, appeared in the Istanbul newspaper "Aksam" on March 3:—

During the three days we stayed in Delhi, we were invited out continually to lunch, tea and dinner. Field Marshal Wavell, who had arrived from the front, and Lady Wavell were kind enough to invite us too. The Government at Delhi, Muslim and Indian organisations and the journalists gave us signs of unparalled affection and interest. We received by telegram hundreds of invitations. At meetings ...questions were showered upon up, especially by journalists and by the members of the Muslim League. They asked us a variety of questions on the war and on Turkey, and told us their troubles. The question of religion and language, the clash between Hindusim and Islam, the desire for independence, like a riddle most difficult to solve. all these questions were spread before us every day for hours. For days we listened to the problem of India, which even Britain has not yet succeeded in solving, from men with fezes or turbans, from dervishes and Imams, from people in European or Indian attire, whose complexion ranged from brown to jet black.

Although there have been people who wished to exploit our visit to India for political and party ends, they soon found out how mistaken they were. Certain newspapers—and we marvelled at the freedom which prevailed in the British capital of India—wrote harsh articles on the occasion of our visit. There were even newspapers which dared to write: "What the Turkish journalists should be shown in India is not tea parties of which the expenses are extorted from the people. Show them the destitute and hungry people, open the doors of prisons so that they may speak with the patriots!" India is a singular country, not only as regards its monuments but also as regards the very great diversity of the ideas which prevail there.

The Muslim League, whose President is Jinnah, invited us to tea. Thousands of Indian Muslims were gathered round many small tables in the large courtyard of the Anglo-Arabic school. All the Muslims, old and young, some wearing turbans or fezes, others wearing 'kalpaks' or 'takkes', received us with great interest green flags and notices in Persian were prominent on every side. One of them read: "If you want Pakistan be ready to make sacrifices". Pakistan is the name of the independent Government which the Indian Muslims, numbering about a hundred million, wish to set up for themselves in a part of India within the Punjab region. They placed round our necks pretty and ornate garlands meaning "Welcome".

The President of the Delhi Provincial Muslim League unrolled, like a "firman" a long strip of paper from which he read in Urdu a speech written in nasa talik characters. He referred to "Devleti Turkiyetu Cummuriyeti Islamiye", making frequent use of Ataturk's name; he also referred to Muslim unity, to an independent Pakistan, expressed good wishes for Turkey and every time those present said "Amen!" When the name of Jinnah, the leader, was pronounced, there was an uproar. Cheers were raised and I think that after the "vivas" were shouted they said "Allaho Akbar."

ADMIRATION FOR ATATURK

I asked the President why the Muslims whose attire was so different in colour and shape, could not at least agree to wear the same headgear. He replied that the fez had at one time been brought for commercial reasons from Italy as Turkish and Egyptian headgears and that all the other headgears varied according to warm and cold climates.

When we were leaving the meeting, they all ran to shake our hands, and some were so moved that their eyes were wet with tears. For these people, the sola tie, the sole medium of understanding and of unity still is religion. These approximately 100,000,000 Muslims who have not yet attained the era of nationalism are afraid that they would become the slaves of 300,000,000 Hindus if they were to abandon their religion, their sole source of ideal and of inspiration. It is for this reason that they consider Turkey, which has secured a high place for herself in the world today, as an independent and free Muslim country and that they have such a great admiration for her.

It would be wrong to suppose that this admiration is restricted to the Indian Muslims. In the capital of the Government of India it was for us a matter of great pride to see the affection and respect borne for the new Turkey by high British officials, by military commanders of high rank, by Hindus and Muslims alike who had for years heard of her.

Derby Callover

LONDON, April 13.

The following is Victoria Club callover on Two Thousand Guineas:—3/1 NASRULLAH offered 100/30 taken. 13/2 TIPSTAFF offered 7/1 taken. 17/2 FORTUNATE trial taken and offered. 19/2 STRAIGHT DEAL. 100/7 PINK FLOWER.

DERBY CALLOVER:—5/1 NASRULLAH, 100/12 IMIDDAD, 100/6 STRAIGHT DEAL, 22 BOOBYTRAP, 25/1 PINK FLOWER all offered. 33/1 CLARENDON offered 40/1 taken. 33/1 FUNFAIR offered. 40/1 MERCHANT NAVY taken and offered. 40/1 FIRST EDITION offered, 50/1 taken.

Late D. C. Watchmaker

(BY Z. A. BARNI.)

The news of the sad demise of Mr. Watchmaker who was the second Assistant to the Oriental Translator to Government for more than 29 years, will be read with feelings of sorrow by all those who knew him or ever came in contact with him. It was indeed a pleasure to work with him and that is the reason why he commanded the willing cooperation of all of his subordinates. He was more than a guide and a philosopher to the juniors. As an officer he treated his subordinates like his children and his treatment towards all was sympathetic, just and affectionate. He was the embodiment of all those good qualities of head and heart which go to make a person a gentleman in the true sense of the term.

Mr. Watchmaker had a brilliant college career, having won many prizes and medals for his proficiency in English, including the coveted Ellis prize. He stood third at the Matriculation examination and passed his B.A. in first-class with Latin as his optional subject. He passed his M.A. with philosophy in first-class. The knowledge of Latin always stood him in good stead and in the office he was always looked upon as an authority in English, whenever difficulties arose about the right or wrong use of different words and expressions. He used to write chaotic and elegant English and was a great adept in the art of making official drafts. He was a voracious reader of English books and there was hardly any important work in that language which he had not read. In spite of heavy work in the office, he used to find time for reading books.

When he retired from office, he left with three translators in the office the sum of Rs. 50 to be spent towards giving small loans to peons without any interest.

JAMNADAS DWARKADAS

Becomes New Improvements Committee Chief

Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas was the only candidate nominated by the Congress Party for the chairmanship of Improvements Committee and therefore he was unanimously elected on Tuesday to the chair.

Dr. J. V. Vora presided and declared Mr. Jamnadas duly elected Chairman for the ensuing year.

Mr. Jamnadas after occupying the chair thanked the Improvements Committee for the honour done him and hoped that the housing problem would be tackled more seriously this year and better amenities would be given to the tenants than heretofore.

A resolution thanking Dr. Vora for his services rendered as chairman during the past year was also put on record.

Silver Jubilee Celebration Of Art Society Of India

The Art Society of India celebrates its Silver Jubilee on the 17th and 18th April 1943. Dr. M R. Jaykar will preside. An interesting programme of Music and dances by Menka (of Belgaum) Bai Roshanara Begam, Vasanti, Saraswatibai Phatarphekar, and other together with lectures on Art and an Art Exhibition is arranged at K. R. Cama Oriental Institute Hall and C. J. Hall. Details available at Society's premises opposite Opera House.

Shipments will be resumed when conditions permit

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HOW WOMEN CAN WIN MEN AND MEN WIN

Respect of Other Men

Unless two pints of bile juice flow daily from your liver into your bowels, your food decays in your bowels. This poisons your whole body. You get yellow tongue, yellow skin, pimples, dull eyes, bad breath, bad taste, gas, dizziness, headache. You have become an ugly-looking, foul-smelling, sour-thinking person. Everybody wants to run from you.

Laxatives can't help, for they only move out the tail end of your bowels and that doesn't take away the decayed poison.

Only a free flow of your bile juice will stop this decay poison in your bowels. The one mild vegetable medicine which starts a free flow of your bile juice is Carter's Little Liver Pills. No calomel in Carter's. Only fine, mild, vegetable extracts. If you would bring back your personal charm, start taking Carter's Little Liver Pills according to directions today.

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FOR CUTS & SCRATCHES

C. R. CHAMPIONS LEAGUE CAUSE

Pakistan A Just Demand Of Muslims, He Explains

BANGALORE, April 12.

The view that Pakistan meant nothing more than right of the people in predominantly Muslim provinces of India to rule themselves and not to be governed by Central Government was expressed by Mr C Rajagopalachariar, addressing a public meeting under the auspices of the Muslim youths, Bangalore this evening in celebration of the Prophet's Birthday.

He appealed to representatives of Muslims and the Congress to sit together and come to an agreement. "I do not think that Congress will oppose this. Congress wants to cure the disease but I am not allowed to go near the Congress" Mr. Rajagopalachariar added

Mr. Rajagopalachariar pointed out that Muslim League did not want Pakistan immediately. The League wanted simply a faithful and sincere agreement that after the country became free they should be allowed to choose their own Government in the provinces wherein they were in a majority.—A P

GUNBOAT JACK RETAINS TITLE

BANGALORE, April 12

At the Hollywood Stadium last night gentleman Gunboat Jack Welter Weight Champion, All-India, and holder of three belts successfully retained the title against Marshall, Welter Weight Champion Southern India and belt holder by winning eight rounds out of ten before a bumper gathering.—A. P.

Bears'

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Challenge To Asiatics

Natal Indians Oppose New Restrictions Bill

CAPETOWN, April 13.

Mr P. R. Pather. Joint Secretary, Natal Indian Association, announced today that if trading and occupation of Land (Transvaal and Natal) Restriction Bill is passed he will not be able to serve on the Asiatic Affairs Advisory Board (Natal) whereof he is member.

Mr. A M M. Lokhat, President, Natal Indian Association, stated today the aim of the Bill was to segregate Indians by legislation.

In it he visualised future locations of bazaars and ghettoes in Natal. Instead of remedying genuine complaints of Indians as to their housing needs, the Minister of Interior had succumbed to agitation against Asiatic in Durban

The Bill if passed would result in the Capetown agreement being torn to shreds.

The bill was a challenge to the Asiatic world and for their part the Indian community in Natal would never accept any form of compulsory segregation

Mr. Sorabjee Rustomjee, Vice-President, Natal Indian Association, in a statement issued to-day said at no time in the history of Natal Indians had such critical time arisen. The Bill was far more oppressive in its implications than the areas of Reservation Bill of 1926.

The Cape Town Agreement, which Indians regarded as the sheet anchor of their progress in the Union, would be abrogated if the Bill became law.

He appealed to leaders of India of all classes to make strong representations against the Bill. The solution must be found on non-legislative lines.

Any reasonable proposal in this regard would have the support of the Indian community.—Reuter

Increase In Text Book Prices

Owing to the rise in the prices of printing paper and other material, the Government of Bombay has decided to allow the publishers of text-books to increase their prices by 40 per cent for high school text-books, 45 per cent for middle school and upper primary text-books and 52-1/2 per cent for primary school text-books.

These increases are permitted on the pre-war prices of text-books and apply only to new editions or reprints printed on white paper. No increase will be permitted in the case of text-books already published at a specific price either as reprints or as fresh editions and which have already been sanctioned for use in schools by School Book Committees.

The Half-Column
By "Dim"

According to a Reuter message, an American War correspondent writing in yesterday's "Daily Telegraph" on the American failure at Fondouk says "Americans simply have to do some fighting before they can do it well. They will be very much better next time". The main trouble was that the Americans dispersed and attacked instead of swamping the enemy.

* * *

A Reuter message tells us about an analysis by the British Broadcasting Corporation's own Listener Research Department which confirms the general conclusion on independent polls that serious music, documentary features and especially radio dramas are increasingly popular.

Theatre organs dance music and crooners have lost favour. "This is a heartening trend and vindication of B. B. C. policy of giving the listener not only what he likes but also an opportunity to get to like something better. But it is not inconsistent with the general feeling that B. B. C. programmes of all kinds are not as good as they should be or as American programmes are. It's just as well All-India Radio cannot be heard over here.

* * *

Our own correspondent reports talks in Delhi mentioning Sir Azizul Haque for the Commerce Membership, Sir Homi Mehta for Supply . . . . After which I suppose I might as well mention myself as the next Viceroy, for there's no harm in mentioning.

For **COUGHS CHESTON**

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CITY MARKETS

Bombay, April 13.

STOCK EXCHANGE:—The Stock Exchange opened steady but operators were not inclined to extend support in view of the conflicting factors. Prices eased off by a few points Tata Steel Defd after opening at Rs. 1855 eased off to Rs. 1840, and Ordinaries to Rs. 377 from Rs. 380. Dyeings were marked down to Rs 1862-8 from Rs. 1877-8. Textiles were easy but Mysore and Minervas after early dealings at Rs. 317 and Rs. 255 met realising and were quoted at Rs. 307 and Rs. 246 respectively. Scindia were easy at Rs. 29-10. Towards the close there was some scattered buying support. Centuries were done at Rs. 765. Dyeings Rs. 1880 and Defds. 1850. On Wednesday the Stock Exchange will remain closed owing to Ramnavami.

TEXTILE:—Ahmedabad Advt. 480; Apollo Mills 5-9; Bharat Mills 94; Bombay Dyeing 1872-8; Cen. India 470; Century 749; Colaba Land 267; Dawn 1400; E. D. Ordy. 18-8; E. D. Defd. 3-13 1/2; Edward Sassoon 450; Elphinstone 87; Finlay 375; Gokak 386; Hindustan 4140; Ind. Manfg 4300; Ind. Bleaching 259; Indore Malwa 1245; Khatau 591-4; Kohinoor 746; Lakshmi 1537-8; Madhowji 27; Minerva 245; Model Nagpur 357-8; Madhusudan 627-8; Meyer Sassoon 170; Morarji 1115; Mysore 305; New Great 440; Phoenix 815; Podar Mills 347-8; Sassoon Cotton 28-12; Sassoon Silk 115-8; Sholapur 9450; Shri Nivas 488-12; Simplex 321; Svadeshi 586; Swan 355; Tata Mills 64-8; Vishnu 2675; Western India 3500.

INSURANCE:—Bom. Life 162-8; Empire Life 695; Indust. Prudent. 34; Ind Mercantile 74; Jupiter 19-8; New India 75; Oriental 5500; Vulcan 16-12.

RAILWAY:—Ahmed. Prantej 850; Cent. Prov. 109-4; Dhond Baramati 108; Gujerat 100; Hoshiarpur Doab 100; Mandra Bhon 106; Mymensing Debt. 104; Mymensing Gtd. 100; Pachora Jamner 99; Sara Sirajganj 102-8; Sialkot Narowal 115-8; Sialkot Now 48; Upper Sind Lt. 115.

MISCELLANEOUS:—Alembic Chem. 335; Alcock Ashdown 755; Asso. Cement 221; B. B. Petrol 2-1 1/4; Belapur 245; Bom Burma Old 310; Bom. Burma New 105; Bom. Steam 547-8; Radio Ordy 430; Radio Defd 442-8; Invest. Trust 59-8; Prem. Const. 170; Port Canning 97; Scindia 30; Shivrajpur 66-8; Tata Ordy 376-8; Tata Defd. 1845; Tata Chemical 33-2; Tata Oil 89; Wimco 378-12; Burma Corp. 2-10; BIC Ordy. 5-13; Ind. Copper 2-5; Ind Iron 35-2; Steel Corp. 25-2; New Vict. Ordy. 9-12.

HYDRO & ELEC.—Ahmedabad Elec. 195; Ajmere 14-12; And. Valley Ordy. 1850; Bom. Suburban 190; Bom. Tram Ordy. 151; Broach 13-6; Karachi xd 261-4; Poona 255; Surat 191-4; Surat New Rs. 50/- paid 70; Tata Hydro Ordy. xd 190; Tata Power Ordy 1782-8.

BANK:—Baroda Bank 125-8; Bank of India 170-8; Central Bank xd 61-8; Imperial Bank F.P. 1742-8; Imperial Bank P. P. 430; Reserve Bank 108-8; Union 8-1.

PREF. SHARES:—7 per cent And. Valley 1682-8; 6 per cent Bom. Steam 335; 7 per cent Bom. Tram 79; 6 per cent Central India 705; 6 1/2 per cent Jupiter Ins. 19-12; 6 1/2 per cent Surat Elec. 193-12; 6 1/4 per cent Prem. Const. 1st 125; 6 1/4 per cent Prem. Const. 2nd 126-8; 6 per cent Tata I. & S. 1st 217-8; 7 1/2 per cent Tata I. & S. 2nd 148; 7 1/2 per cent Tata Power 1685; 7 per cent Tata Hydro 167-8; 7 per cent Vishnu 785.

DEBENTURES:—4 per cent And. Valley 106-14; 4 per cent Tata Chemical 280; 4 per cent Tata Power 108; 6 per cent Marsland Price 118; 5 per cent Shol. Rs. 64 paid 70.

COTTON:—The cotton market was steady with narrow fluctuations Operators were inclined to await developments pending the Government action The Board has represented its case to the Government and it is to be seen how the Government reacts to the views of the Board The market opened to-day at Rs 542 for Jarilla May and moved narrowly within a range of four points. Closing quotations Jarilla May Rs. 539 and July Rs. 548-8.

BULLION:—London gold was unchanged at £8-8-0 while silver prices for both spot as well as forward were pegged to 23 1/2d. On the local market gold and silver for May settlement were expected to open around Rs. 77-8 and Rs. 114-14 respectively. But the market opened steady around Rs 77-8 and Rs. 155 Fluctuations were narrow Closing quotations were as follows:

Ready gold Rs. 77-7, 1st settlement Rs. 77-2. Ready silver Rs. 114-8, 1st settlement Rs. 114-2.

SEEDS:—The seeds market was steady to-day with moderate activity. Groundnuts May was quoting at Rs. 104-8 August Rs 110. Castorseeds May Rs. 98-8 September Rs. 102-12. Linseed May was put around Rs. 11-5-6 and September Rs. 12-1-0. The market fluctuated narrowly. Groundnuts May touched Rs. 105-2 but declined to Rs. 104-8. Closing quotations Groundnuts May Rs. 104-8, August Rs. 110-4, Castorseeds May Rs. 98-4, Castorseeds Sept. Rs. 102-8; Linseed May Rs. 11-5 and Sept. Rs. 12-1.

NEW YORK COTTON:—On Monday, the New York cotton market after early hesitancy improved on scattered Commission House and New Orleans buying of new crops influenced by reports indicating that it will probably be some time before a ceiling will be placed on cotton However, activity was limited with the majority of traders awaiting further developments. The market closed steady July highest 19.92+5 lowest 19.81—6.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, April 12.	
May	20.06
July	19.85
October	19.69
Middling spot	21.82

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, April 12.	
May	20.32
July	20.12
October	19.99
Middling spot	23.77

NOON CALL.

New York, April 12.	
May	20.08
July	19.88
October	19.71

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, April 12.

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£67 1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£61 29/32
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£106 3/16
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent	£105 13/16
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960-90	114
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£114 1/8
Chartered Bank of I.A and China	£ 8 3/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	£65
National Bank of India	£32 1/4

LONDON SILVER.

London, April 12.

Spot	23 1/2
Forward	23 1/2

LONDON GOLD.

London, April 12.

London gold fine per oz	£8-8-0

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, April 12.

T. T. London on—

New York sellers	4.03 1/2 buyers 4.03 1/2
Madrid official	40.5
Montreal sellers	4.43 buyers 4.47
Zurich sellers	17.3 buyers 17.4
Stockholm sellers	16.85 buyers 16.95

LONDON WHEAT.

London, April 12.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe Apr/May quoted	28/1-1/2
Wheat Australian Apr/May quoted	28/6

LATEST COMMERCIAL

COTTON (July)

New York, April 13.

Previous closing	19.85
To-day's opening	19.86
Difference	+01

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

Previous closing 4.03

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

To-day's opening and closing 4.02 1/2 sellers; 4.03 1/2 buyers

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, April 13.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:
General Motors dol 47 1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining dol 28 1/4
U. S. Steel Common dol 53 7/8
U. S. Steel Preference unquoted

LONDON MARKETS

London, April 13

GOLD AND SILVER

London (Gold (£8-8-0) £8 8-0
Spot and Forward 23 1/2d.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay 1-6 1/32 sellers; 1-6 31/32 buyers
New York on Bombay (30.37) 30.37

DISCOUNTS

3 months 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent.
4 months 1 1/16 to 1 1/4 per cent.
6 months 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent.

SEEDS

Castorseeds Bombay April/May £38
Linseed Calcutta April/May £26
Linseed La Plata April/May £19 3/4
Groundnut Coromandal April/May East Cost Indian shipment £38 West Coast Indian shipment £38

METALS

Electric Copper (£62) £62
Lead (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 3 (131 sh.) 131 sh.

LONDON STOCK EXCHNAGE

The London Stock Exchange was firm to-day.

LOANS

3 per cent Australian Commonwealth £102 1/4; 2 1/2 per cent British Consols £81 13/16; 3 per cent Conversion Loan £106; 3 per cent Conversion Loan £100 1-2; 4 per cent War Loan £114; 3 1-2 per cent War Loan £105 5/8; 3 1/2 per cent War Loan £101; 4 per cent Victory Bonds £114 1/8.

WEATHER CHART

POONA, April 13.

Following is the weather chart showing maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches recorded at 8 hours on 9th April, 1943:—

Allahabad 91 66 0.5; Bombay 91 78 0; Calcutta 88 73 T; Cawnpore 91 66 0.2; Cuttack 86 70 0.1; Darjeeling 65 47 0.1; Delhi 93 7.61 0.1; Dehra Dun 85 5 T; Jacobabad 96 66 0; Karachi 83 70 0; Lahore 89 6 0; Lucknow 90 66 T; Madras 91 74 0.4; Nagpur 93 70 0.2; Patna 91 69 0; Peshawar 83 59 0; Shillong 77 55 0.3; Simla 61 47 T.—A.P.

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RALEIGH

THE ALL-STEEL BICYCLE

TRUE TEA TALKS
LUCK IN A TEA-POT!
ARRIVING ON HIS USUAL CALLING DAY WITH FRESH STOCKS OF TEA, OUR SALESMAN WAS INVITED BY A SIND SHOPKEEPER TO JOIN HIS PARTY THAT EVENING.
THE SHOPKEEPER EXPLAINED THAT AFTER PURCHASING A SECOND-HAND TEA-POT HE FOUND TO HIS DELIGHT A THOUSAND RUPEE NOTE IN THE SPOUT, PRESUMABLY HIDDEN THERE BY ITS FORMER OWNER, WHOSE HOME WAS LOOTED BY GOONDAS.
Brooke Bond Tea
HE GAMBLED IN TEA!
AFTER AIR-RAIDS ON BENGAL, MR. T—A MERCHANT "GAMBLER" DISBELIEVING OUR SALESMAN'S STATEMENT THAT FRESH TEA SUPPLIES WOULD CONTINUE, BOUGHT ALL OUR TEAS IN HIS DISTRICT - AT ANY PRICE-HOPING TO SELL AT A GREAT PROFIT LATER. AS OTHER SHOPS CONTINUED RECEIVING OUR FRESH TEAS, SELLING THEM AT NORMAL PRICES, MR. T—TRIED SELLING HIS HOARD. EVEN AT A GREAT LOSS HE FOUND THIS ALMOST IMPOSSIBLE, BECAUSE THE TEA WAS NO LONGER FRESH. HE IS NOW A WISER AND A POORER MAN.
METROPOLITAN
FRESH NEWS IN TEA!
OUR SALESMAN, WHILE DELIVERING TEA TO AN HOTEL IN THE DECCAN, OPENED A CASE -FULL OF FRESH SUPPLIES, ON THE TOP OF WHICH WERE SOME RECENT SOUTH INDIAN NEWSPAPERS, HOLDING THE PACKAGES IN PLACE. THE HOTEL PROPRIETOR PICKING UP ONE OF THESE, WAS OVERJOYED TO READ THAT HIS BROTHER HAD RECENTLY RECEIVED A MEDAL FOR DISTINGUISHED SERVICE IN THE MIDDLE EAST.
Brooke Bond
BB. 2909

INSPECTOR WADE — ***THE DEATH WATCH*** — **BY EDGAR WALLACE**

DID THE AFRICAN DRUMS STOP, SAGE?
I FELL ASLEEP, INSPECTOR... WHEN I AWAKENED, I WAS ALONE!
ARMSTRONG, WHERE ARE YOU? ARMSTRONG!
"SUDDENLY I NOTICED SOMETHING HANGING FROM THE TREE. THEN I KNEW ARMSTRONG WAS GONE!....
THE IMAGE OF A MAN, WITH A THORN STUCK INTO THE HEART.
"IT WAS AFRICAN VOODOO! I TURNED AND RAN!....
SOMEHOW I GOT BACK TO CIVILIZATION, BUT I COULD NOT TELL WHAT HAD HAPPENED--I HAD DESERTED ARMSTRONG, I HAD BEEN A COWARD.
SAGE, IF WE GO BACK TO AFRICA TO LOOK FOR HIM---- WILL YOU COME WITH US?
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